

States, reflecting the spirit of the people, has at all times desired to help the Russian people. In that spirit all its relations with Russia, and with other nations in matters affecting the latter's interests, have been conceived and governed.

"The government of the United States was the first government to acknowledge the validity of the revolution and to give recognition to the provisional government of Russia. Almost immediately thereafter it became necessary for the United States to enter the war against Germany, and in that undertaking to become closely associated with the allied nations, including, of course, Russia.

"The war weariness of the masses of the Russian people was fully known to this government and sympathetically comprehended. Prudence, self-interest, and loyalty to our associates made it desirable that we should give moral and material support to the provisional government, which was struggling to accomplish a twofold task, to carry on the war with vigor and at the same time to reorganize the life of the nation and establish a stable government based on the popular sovereignty."

U. S. Friendship Unwavering.
The president's note here sets forth a series of proofs of America's friendship for the Russian people, mentioning the refusal of the administration to recognize the formation of the Baltic states as separate nations independent of Russia and the "so-called republics of Georgia, Armenia, and Azerbaijan."

Armenia's independence is recognized, the note declares, but Russia's agreement and cooperation are earnestly sought by America. The note continues:

"With the desire of the allied powers to bring about a peaceful solution of the existing difficulties in Europe, this government is, of course, in hearty accord, and will support any justifiable steps to that end.

Will Never Recognize R. J.
"It is unable to perceive, however, that a recognition of the soviet regime would promote, much less accomplish, this object, and it is therefore averse to any dealings with the soviet regime beyond the most narrow boundaries to which a discussion of an armistice can be confined.

"That the present rulers of Russia do not rule by the will or the consent of any considerable proportion of the Russian people is an incontestable fact. Although nearly two years have passed since they seized the machinery of government, promising to protect the constituent assembly against alleged conspirators, they have not yet permitted anything in the nature of a popular election."

How Anarchists Seized Power.
Disclaiming any purpose of meddling in Russia's internal affairs, the note describes the seizure of power by the Kerensky government by the bolsheviks, and asserts that when a truly representative government is selected by the Russian people, the United States will gladly recognize it, provided "Russia, by pillage and oppression in Poland, has not wandered outside the pale of the friendly interest of other nations."

"It is not possible," the note continues, "for the government of the United States to recognize the present rulers of Russia as a government with which the relations common to friendly governments can be maintained. This is because nothing to do with any particular political or social structure which the Russian people themselves may see fit to enforce, rests upon a wholly different set of facts."

Soviets Have No Honor.
"These facts, which none disputes, have convinced the government of the United States, against its will, that the existing regime in Russia is based upon the negation of every principle of honor and good faith and every usage and convention underlying the whole structure of international law; the negation, in short, of every principle upon which it is possible to base harmonious and trustful relations, whether of nations or of individuals."

"The responsible leaders of the regime have frequently and openly boasted that they are willing to sign agreements and undertakings with foreign powers, while not having the slightest intention of observing such undertakings or carrying out such agreements. This attitude of disregard of obligations voluntarily entered into by them upon the theory that no compact or agreement made with a nonbolshevik government can have any moral force for them. They have not only avowed this as a doctrine but have exemplified it in practice."

Proof of Lenin's Duplicity.
"Indeed, upon numerous occasions the responsible spokesmen of this government and its official agencies, have declared that it is their understanding that the very existence of bolshevism in Russia, the maintenance of their rule, depends, and must continue to depend, upon the occurrence of revolutions in all other great civilized nations, including the United States, which will overthrow and destroy their governments and set up bolshevik rule in their stead."

"They have made it quite plain that they intend to use every means, including, of course, diplomatic agencies, to promote such revolutionary movements in other countries."

"It is true that they have in various ways expressed their willingness to give 'assurances' and 'guarantees' that they will not abuse the privileges and immunities of diplomatic agencies by using them for this purpose."

No Faith in Their Word.
"In view of their own declarations, already referred to, such assurances and guarantees cannot be very seriously regarded. Moreover, it is within the knowledge of the government of the United States that the bolshevik government is itself subject to the control of a political faction, with extensive international ramifications through the Third International, and that this body, which is heavily subsidized by the bolshevik government from the public revenues of Russia, has not only avowed aim the promotion of bolshevik revolutions throughout the world."

"The leaders of the bolsheviks have boasted that their promises of noninterference with other nations would in no wise bind the agents of this body. There is no room for reasonable doubt that such agents would receive the support and protection of any diplomatic agency the bolsheviks might have in other countries."

Channel for Intrigue.
"Inevitably, therefore, the diplomatic service of the bolshevik government would become a channel for intrigue and the propaganda of revolt against the institutions and laws of countries with which it was at peace, which would be an abuse of friendship which enlightened governments cannot submit themselves to."

"In the view of this government

Edging Toward Warsaw



1—The Reds are encircling Warsaw from the north. They have cut the rail line to Danzig and are driving down to seize the remaining line south of the Vistula.
2—The Poles are holding at Mlawa and before Warsaw.
3—The Thorn railway line, the only rail connection left for Poland with Danzig.
4—Two hundred and fifty thousand Poles may be captured if Warsaw falls.
5—The Reds are driving on Chelm.
6—The Red offensive in Galicia is gaining.

there cannot be any common ground upon which it can stand with a power whose conceptions of international relations are so entirely alien to its own, so utterly repugnant to its moral sense.

"There can be no mutual confidence or trust, no respect even. If pledges are to be given and agreements made with a cynical repudiation of their obligations already in the mind of one of the parties."

"We cannot recognize, hold official relations with, or give friendly recognition to the agents of a government which is determined and bound to conspire against our institutions; whose diplomats will be the agitators of dangerous revolt; whose spokesmen say that they sign agreements with no intention of keeping them."

Summary of U. S. Views.
"To summarize the position of this government, I would say, therefore, in response to your excellency's inquiry, that it would regard with satisfaction a declaration by the allied and associated powers that the territorial integrity and true boundaries of Russia shall be respected."

"These boundaries should properly include the whole of the former Russian empire, with the exception of Finland proper, ethnic Poland, and such territory as may by agreement form a part of the Armenian state."

"The aspirations of these nations for independence are legitimate. Each is entitled to a social philosophy that degrades them and a tyranny that oppresses them."

All Troops Must Leave.
"Such a declaration presupposes the withdrawal of all foreign troops from the territory embraced by these boundaries, and in the opinion of this government, should be accompanied by the announcement that no transgression by Poland, Finland, or any other power of the line so drawn and proclaimed will be permitted."

"Thus only can the bolshevik regime be deprived of its false but effective appeal to Russian nationalism and compelled to meet the inevitable challenge of reason and self-respect which the Russian people, secure from invasion and territorial violation, are sure to address to a social philosophy that degrades them and a tyranny that oppresses them."

"The policy herein outlined will command the support of this government. Accept, excellency, the renewed assurances, etc. BAINBRIDGE COLBY."

LAMBS ANGRY; MAY SUSPEND MUGGSY M'GRAW

New York, Aug. 10.—(Special.)—The suspension of John J. McGraw, manager of the New York Giants, and participant in a fist fight in the Lambs club, has been recommended by the house committee. Final action will be taken tomorrow.

The committee found that McGraw was the aggressor in a battle with William H. Boyd, a time leading man with Ethel Barrymore. While the Lambs club was taking its action District Attorney Edward Swann announced he had called the parties in the case to meet at his office tomorrow morning. Several witnesses will be examined tomorrow.

John C. Slavin, the actor, who was picked up unconscious from in front of McGraw's apartment, is showing steady improvement.

AT ALL BOTTLED

FOREIGN NEWS —IN BRIEF—

WASHINGTON.—The American government, says a note signed by Secretary of State Coby, had addressed to Baron Aveszmann, Italian ambassador, will support Poland "with all available means" against dismemberment; will never recognize Red Russia; will support Poland to the hilt; and will support Poland to the hilt.

WARSAW.—Russian cavalry moves from Chelm toward the Vistula to cut Warsaw off from its Thorn railway to the Danzig corridor.

LONDON.—Lloyd George tells commonsense still believes in peace, but warns Russia envoys, who sit in Galley, that if Poland fails to get justice and Red menace liberties of Europe, Great Britain will war on the soviet.

LONDON.—Only a handful of Irishmen greet prelate on arrival at London.

U. S. BOY SCOUTS ACCORDED HIGH HONOR IN PARIS

PARIS, Aug. 10.—(United News.)—Just where President Wilson and Gen. Pershing themselves were honored by the city of Paris several hundred sturdy, clean-eyed American Boy Scouts were received today with the same grave formality by officials of the municipal government in the name of Paris.

The boys are the ones who sailed from New York some time ago, having been chosen from the Boy Scout companies of the entire country to tour the friendly countries of Europe as representatives of the youth of America. They had been entertained in many cities, but the formal reception at the Hotel de Ville here and what followed the ceremony were a little beyond what they had expected.

After the officials had shaken each boy by the hand the youngsters filed down a long corridor into one of the best hotels in Paris, where they were met with the sort of chow the American boy most desires.

The scouts are to give a public exhibition drill tomorrow, and on Thursday will leave for a tour of the former battle fronts.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.
ARRIVED.
NEWARK: HELLAS, New York, 10:30.
NEW YORK: VANZAN, Buenos Aires, 10:30.
NEW YORK: CALIFORNIA, Shanghai, 10:30.
NEW YORK: SHANGHAI, 10:30.
NEW YORK: YOKOHAMA, 10:30.
NEW YORK: MANILA, 10:30.
NEW YORK: CANTON, 10:30.
NEW YORK: HONGKONG, 10:30.
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NEW YORK: YOKOHAMA, 10:30.
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NEW YORK: HONGKONG, 10:30.

LYON & HEALY Everything Known in Music

New Words—Origin of "Jazz"
We have just been glancing through a book of new words. Grim terms, most of them, offspring of the war. One amusing word, new to us, is Raradon. It seems that Raradon and Ninette, the little yam dolls, worn on a cord about the neck, had a son. His name was Raradon—and by the same token a Raradon is a person who has lived through a number of air raids in Paris.

The word "Jazz" is thought to have come from Mr. Razz, who led a band in New Orleans about fifteen years ago, and whose fame is thus perpetuated in a somewhat modified form.

Probably the best known of these new words is Camouflage. This term, of course, stands for disguising a thing so that it may not be recognized. It was originally used in Parisian theatres to signify "make-up."

As merchants, we are glad to assert that there is no camouflage in this store. If we cannot sell goods for precisely what they are, then we will not sell them at all. A child may purchase here as securely as a symphony orchestra leader.

Wabash Avenue at Jackson
North: 1010 Wilson Avenue 1018 E. 63d Street
South: 1010 Wilson Avenue 1018 E. 63d Street
Founded 1904

"PEACE OR WAR, WE ARE READY"—LLOYD GEORGE

Ruler Tells Commons He Still Believes in Truce.

(Continued from first page.)

What About America?
During the statement of these points the premier was interrupted:

"What about America?" cried some one.

We certainly are going to appeal to America," Mr. Lloyd George said. "There is, of course, the difficulty in America that up to the present it has not ratified the treaty and that the treaty is the subject of conflict between the two great parties. It is not in our power to say what view the American executive would take. I am only judging from the attitude of America at the peace conference. There was a strong proponent of Polish independence. No man could have taken a more determined and zealous part in setting up Polish independence than President Wilson, and I am certain that whatever differences of opinion there may be in America with regard to the league of nations, there would be no difference of opinion in their general attitude towards Polish independence."

Replies to Labor.
The premier took the opportunity of replying to the labor deputations which waited on him this morning with the threat of a general strike, if the country went to war.

The country went to war. The premier told the capitalists were attacking the revolutionary government of the peasants and workmen. Russia is the greatest imperialist power in the world. Lenin is an aristocrat and Trotsky is a journalist.

The prime minister ended his speech with a bitter attack on the autocracy of the soviet and his final words were addressed to the Russians in the gallery.

"If you want peace, get it now. If you are out to challenge the liberties of Europe, we will meet you and fight to the end."

Mr. Asquith's speech was coldly critical, but Mr. Clyne declared the laborites do not favor soviet ideas and methods, and only are opposed to war.

If convinced the soviet is aggressive, they would be forced to consider supporting the government."

Reds to Leave London?
PARIS, Aug. 10.—The Krasnaya Commission will leave London on Sunday at the latest unless the soviet government before that time gives the allies the necessary assurance of the independence of the city of Poland, declares the London correspondent of the Temps in a dispatch to his newspaper today.

The correspondent says he is informed that Prime Minister Lloyd George was an advocate of an immediate rupture, but that Earl Curzon and A. J. Balfour persuaded him to await the result of the Minsk conference between the Polish and soviet armistice delegates.

BRITAIN FROWNS ON WAR
LONDON, Aug. 10.—(By the Associated Press.)—Great Britain has been given a few anxious days as a result of the Polish situation in this country wants to embark in another war. Not only has England no soldiers to send, but the whole community is tired of war and overburdened with taxation.

Results of the Hythe conference are considered as a compromise between the British and the French, as all the decisions reached at recent conferences have been. Sunday's proceedings were proclaimed by the French to be a victory for the policy of Premier Millerand, but yesterday's seem to have been a success for Prime Minister Lloyd George.

The British premier apparently had two policies for dealing with the present situation. One is to arrange terms with the bolsheviks of Russia, and the other is to help Germany get on her feet, both policies being antagonistic to what appears to be the French view. France wants the allies to support Poland by all possible means, and suspicion of any assistance to Germany.

BOLSHEVIKI SHOW THEIR TRUCE TERMS TO POLISH ENEMY

LONDON, Aug. 10.—Leo Krasnoff, Russian soviet emissary here, sent Prime Minister Lloyd George today an outline of the terms which soviet Russia is laying down for an armistice with Poland. The terms:

1. The strength of the Polish army shall be reduced to one annual contingent of 60,000 men, together with the army command, and an "army of administration" (apparently a permanent force) to aggregate 10,000 men.

2. Demobilization of the Polish army shall occur within one month.

3. All arms, excluding those needed for the army forces specified, shall be handed to soviet Russia and the Ukrainians.

4. All war industries shall be demobilized.

5. No troops nor war material shall be allowed to come from abroad.

6. The line of Volokovsk, Bialystok, and Prazewo shall be placed fully at the disposal of Russia for commercial transit to and from the Baltic.

7. The families of all Polish citizens killed, wounded, or incapacitated in the war shall be given land free.

On the other hand, the terms for Russia are:

1. Simultaneously with the Polish demobilization, the Russian and Ukrainian troops shall withdraw from the Polish front.

2. Upon the termination of these operations, the number of Russian troops on the Russian frontier line shall be considerably reduced and fixed at a figure to be agreed upon.

3. The armistice line shall be the status quo, but not further east than the line indicated in the July 20 note of Earl Curzon, the British foreign secretary. The Polish army shall withdraw to a distance of fifty verstas from that line, the zone between the two lines being neutral.

4. The final frontier of the independent state of Poland shall be in the main identical with the line indicated in Lord Curzon's note, the British foreign secretary. The British foreign secretary shall be given Poland on the east in the regions of Bialystok and Chelm.

BREAKERS AHEAD!
BERLIN, Aug. 10.—(United Press.)—The bolshevik Baltic fleet has gone to sea. It was widely reported here today. It was believed the fleet might be making for Danzig, the Polish port.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 10.—(United Press.)—A formidable British squadron steamed into Danish waters today. It was reported the warships were under orders to participate in a blockade of Russia.

seems to be apparent, as French newspapers have recently been outspoken in opposition to the policy of Mr. Lloyd George. The third important member of the alliance, Italy, was not represented at Hythe, but it is asserted she is in entire accord with Mr. Lloyd George and has opened diplomatic relations with soviet Russia, although her allies have refused to take a similar step.

That Mr. Lloyd George's policy toward the bolsheviks will eventually result in this country seems assured by the strong attitude taken by labor. There is no question that the labor leaders are entirely in earnest and there is every indication they will be supported by the workers of Great Britain if they seek to enforce by a general strike their demand that the country shall not be committed to further war-like enterprises.

LOWER CURTAIN ON ACTIVITIES OF GREAT A. E. F.
Washington, D. C., Aug. 10.—The American Expeditionary Forces will pass into history Aug. 31, when the only remaining unit of the army that fought in France—A. E. F. headquarters here—ceases to exist.

The following day Gen. Pershing will open headquarters in his new capacity as general of the army.

In announcing the date for winding up finally the work of the expeditionary force Secretary Baker today made public the names of officers who will be assigned on Gen. Pershing's staff in his new role as permanent head of the army until he carries out his announced intention of retiring to private life. All of these officers serve with him in general headquarters of the American Expeditionary Force.

They are Brig. Gen. Fox Conner, Lieut. Col. Michael J. O'Brien, Maj. George C. Marshall, Maj. John G. Quakenbush, Capt. G. E. Adamson, and Lieut. John T. Schneider, William J. Cunningham, and R. A. Curtin.

The Russians, continuing their efforts to cut the Danzig corridor, reached a point east of Soldau today. West of Mlawa the Poles are retreating before Red cavalry waves. The Russian north army has been strongly reinforced with the Second Caucasian cavalry corps and the 15th, 18th, and 54th infantry divisions. Behind there are eight further infantry divisions and the 84th Caucasian cavalry in reserve. This gives them a total of 60,000 infantry and 20,000 cavalry. It is reported that many Poles are fleeing from the Danzig corridor. Russian headquarters are to be moved from Grodno to Lomza or Bialystok.

RED PLAN IS TO SOVIETIZE ALL OF POLAND

Commissar Outlines Aims to Tribune Man.

BY EUGENE SZATMARY.

(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)

(By Special Cable.)

(Copyright, 1920, By the Tribune Company.)

WITH THE RUSSIAN ARMY, AUG. 10.—First comes the cavalry, then comes the soviet administration.

Bolshevik commissars ride with the Cossacks into Polish towns. Their first step is to organize meetings in each community, at which they make speeches. They tell the population they have no need to fear Russian troops because, though ragged, dirty, and fierce looking, they are really friendly, harmless fellows. This step, however, is superfluous because the Polish police at each town flee with the Polish army. Then town sovietes are formed just as in Russia.

The next act is to declare the Polish "Starost-Starost," or mayor, de-throned and to replace the Polish police with Russian soldiers. This step, however, is superfluous because the Polish police at each town flee with the Polish army. Then town sovietes are formed just as in Russia.

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Summer Blouses Leschin's FINAL CLEARANCE

A clearance that represents astounding values in the loveliest of sheer, dainty blouses. Hundreds of exquisite modes will be offered for this clearance.

\$8.95

Values to \$25

Georgette
Fine Net
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Laces and Tucking
Fringes and Long Collar Effects
Overblouses
Embroidered

A GREAT MANY OTHERS

We also have a group of extremely attractive blouses in striped dimity, dotted Swiss, batiste, etc.—values to \$15.00—at the exceptional price of

REDS 30 MILES FROM WARSAW HAVE HARD GOING

Encircling Defensive Forts to the North.

BULLETIN.

BERLIN, Aug. 10.—(United Press.)—Bolshevik forces are reported concentrating heavily for a direct attack on Radzimin, which is the last stronghold before the Polish capital of Warsaw.

BY EUGENE SZATMARY.
(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)
THE RED ARMY IN POLAND, Aug. 10.—On the Polish front the Russians have successfully forced the Bug river near Wysskow. Wysskow is within thirty miles of Warsaw.

They are encircling Warsaw's outer defenses near Rozan and Pultusk. The Polish army's line will be exposed again on the East Prussian border and its flank imperiled. The main Russian shock is now directed against the Radzimin outer fort.

I am informed on reliable authority that the Warsaw fortifications are in a bad state. Most of the works never have been repaired after they were captured by the Germans. Almost all the eastern forts are practically useless.

On the other hand there is a fortified system between Okuniew, Kolbel, and Karczew, built by the Germans. They form a splendid line of defense, and the Poles are relying upon these instead of the forts.

REDS MASS ON WARSAW

BY HENRY WALES.
(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)
Copyright, 1920. By the Tribune Company.

PARIS, Aug. 10.—With the Red cavalry beyond Mallow already outflanking Pultusk, Warsaw's most advanced fortress, eighteen miles from the capital, is doomed and Pilsudski is reported to have announced the city will not be defended.

Masses of bolshevik infantry already are reported by aviators forty miles north of Warsaw. At Ciechanow, along the Danzig railway, air observers report the whole bolshevik north front in movement, indicating the surprise attack is directed southward. Sudden new tactics nullify the Polish plans to accept a decisive battle along the Bug east of Warsaw, where a reserve army is concentrated, which now may be taken in the flank.

AIR RAIDS ON WARSAW

BY PARKE BROWN.
(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)
Copyright, 1920. By the Tribune Company.

WARSAW, Aug. 9.—A Polish aviator who is versed in the methods employed in night bombing by the reds predicted the first bombing raids on Warsaw will be made Wednesday by daylight, as he said, the red pilots were incapable of night flying. The raid, he said, would be made by two or three machines, probably at a height of about 1,000 meters, which would fly over the city dropping explosives and see the moment Polish planes were sighted.

Despite numerous rumors to the contrary, remnants of the Kosciuszko squadron near Lemberg have not been ordered to Warsaw to join in the defense of the city.

The Kosciuszko squadron was ordered to Warsaw to see sent by the Tribune Foreign News Service, but by a press association.

10 MILES FROM CORRIDOR

BY FLOYD GIBBONS.
(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)
Copyright, 1920. By the Tribune Company.

BERLIN, Aug. 10.—Russian cavalry has captured Chorzow on the East Prussian border and is advancing toward Napietkan in preparation for the Danzig corridor. They are only about ten miles, a half day's march, from there.

The Poles are digging trenches in front of Napietkan and are evacuating a determined stand and are evacuating. Further Russian advances will place them in control of the Danzig-Warsaw line of communications. The bolsheviks are dropping a great deal of propaganda on the Poles from the air.

It has been authoritatively reported that the Russians have captured the fortress of Rozan, southeast of Ostrowek, and also Krasny. Their cavalry is reported to be eight miles from the Danzig corridor.

France has been authoritatively denied that Germany has exerted any pressure on Germany to force them to permit the passage of troops en route to aid Poland. Nevertheless, it is believed in official circles that France sooner or later will make an attempt to do this. It is understood that Germany will insist that her neutrality be preserved, and she will call on the league of nations for aid.

RUSS TURN TO VISTULA

WARSAW, Aug. 9.—(By the Associated Press.)—With the Danzig-Warsaw railway cut, the Russians are now heading in the direction of the Vistula from the northwest, their apparent design being to cross the river and sever Warsaw's last remaining line of communication with Danzig.

Evacuation trains are leaving Warsaw hourly on the last line remaining open to the Baltic, by way of Thorn. All these trains are crowded to capacity. All the Americans with the exception of those having urgent business in Warsaw, were notified by the Polish government to leave by Wednesday night as their passports will be taken up. It is stated, in a precautionary measure to prevent the possibility of the bolsheviks falling into the hands of the Americans.

Mr. Michael Fish of Brooklyn, American military attaché here, has been notified in order to organize a Polish military detachment. Maj. Fish was in America of a Polish mother.

SEVERAL THIRTY FOLKS.
Bolsheviks' Acid Phosphates.
Bolsheviks' Acid Phosphates.
Bolsheviks' Acid Phosphates.

Dad Dearborn Plays Host to 4,000 Orphans



Gaily dressed little orphan girls frolic and play games in Lincoln park at annual automobile outing.

"Eats" Galore!

NOW, an orphan can only eat about so much—then the tummy gives the busy signal, and even such fancy confections as popcorn balls, lollypops, and ice cream cones lose their attraction. This is the case with the 4,000 orphans who are gathered in Lincoln park for the annual automobile outing.

You see, yesterday the Orphans' Automobile Day association of Chicago marshaled its 871 machines and kidnapped about 4,000 kids and old folks and brought them out to Lincoln park. The automobile day was only a minor feature of the day's festivities. Among the diversions were a band, a Punch and Judy show, "London Bridge is Falling Down," circus ponies, and—o, see what lookit them monkeys and sealions!

Yes, indeed, it was a great day for the younger generation.

MANNIX TO OBEY RESTRICTIONS OF GREAT BRITAIN

Says He Will Protest at Vatican.

BY JOHN BUTLER.
(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)
Copyright, 1920. By the Tribune Company.

LONDON, Aug. 10.—Archbishop Mannix intimated to me today that he would be entirely submissive to the edict of Great Britain, which bars him from Ireland and that unless he could visit his home country legally, he would not attempt to do so otherwise.

The interview took place at St. Mary's Training college, the suburban nunnery to which the Australian prelate was driven from the station after his arrival in London from Penzance this morning.

"Non-sense," said the archbishop with reference to a report that agents of the Sinn Fein might attempt to smuggle him into Ireland. "They have threatened to place me in jail if I overstep the restrictions which they have placed about me. I shall, however, protest against this treatment to the Vatican when I reach Rome."

Archbishop Mannix admitted, however, that he did not believe the Vatican would bring formal protest because chances seemed slim that satisfaction would result from such action.

Seeks His Legal Status.
An atmosphere of awe permeates the refuge of Archbishop Mannix. Nuns with downcast eyes and bated breath tiptoe cautiously about the cloisters for fear of disturbing the visitor who has just arrived. The archbishop's principal activity today was the seeking of legal advice concerning his chances of freedom of movement at the hands of Great Britain.

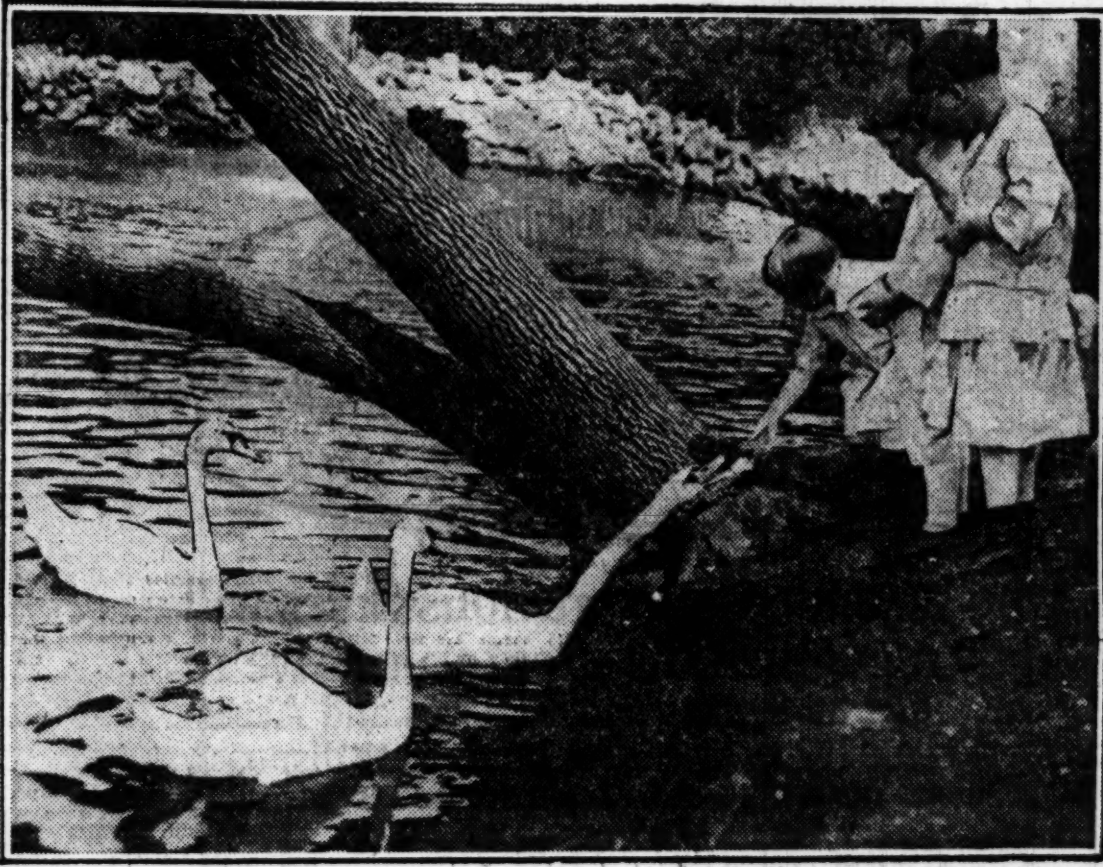
"It was to some extent the wonderful reception which America gave me which brought about my present situation," he said. "My treatment here irritated the British and caused my arrest."

Archbishop Mannix expressed no worry when told that Prime Minister Hughes of Australia had intimated that he might be excluded from that country, and when asked what course he desired the British to take with regard to Ireland, he replied:

"Get out of Ireland. The British argue that a free Ireland would be an enemy nation on England's flank. The Coultie they say Ireland is not their enemy today?"

May Close Belfast Plant.
BELFAST, Aug. 10.—S. C. Davidson, chairman of engineering works in Belfast, Sirocco Engineering works in Belfast, recently excluded, informed a meeting of his 700 employees today that he must insist on the restoration of his former capacities of local Catholics and ex-servicemen.

Mr. Davidson said he was the second largest shareholder in the American largest company of Detroit, and can Sirocco Engineering works in Belfast if hindered by the absence of ex-servicemen. He said that he had sent several employees in Belfast to assist him in his closing work on exclusively carrying the work on exclusively in America.



There were so many "eats" the tiny folk fed the surplus to the park swans.

(Tribune Photo.)

JAP PAPER SAYS U. S. MISSIONARIES HELPED COREAN REVOLUTION

TOKYO, Aug. 6.—(By the Associated Press.)—Assertions of American missionaries in Korea are using the cloak of Christianity to instill anti-Japanese sentiment there, are made in a series of articles appearing daily in the newspaper Kokumin Shinbun. This journal is considered the organ of the military groups, and its proprietor and editor is Ichiro Tokutomi.

"The sinister interpretation which it is sought to place on that vote, if genuine, is but another illustration of British methods," said Mr. De Valera's statement. "I have as far received no official notification, but it is not impossible that, in attempting to make far-sighted provision for possible expenditures, these sums were allocated to my department."

WOMAN LEAPED TO RIVER DEATH, COMPANION SAYS

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 10.—Mrs. Margaret Caille, whose body was found in the Detroit river at Wyandotte yesterday, plunged from a launch in which she was riding with Frank Hillebrandt late Sunday night, Hillebrandt told officers investigating the woman's death tonight, according to the authorities.

The boat ride, Hillebrandt was quoted as saying, followed an afternoon at a down river drink establishment. Authorities said a further statement would be taken from Hillebrandt, who is an automobile worker. They declared they were divided as to the theory of suicide and murder. No arrests had been made tonight, pending the analysis of the woman's stomach.

Identification of the body was made today by the woman's divorced husband, a local manufacturer, and her son.

Buys a Site to Build His Wife a \$1,000,000 Home

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—(Special.)—Charles I. Smith, president of the Guaranty Trust company, has completed the purchase of a site at Park avenue and Sixty-ninth street, where he will build for his wife a million dollar residence.

Chicago Tribune

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

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RESUME TRADE WITH THE SOVIET, FISHER URGES

Bolshevist Rule There to Stay, Says Judge.

Soviet Russia is a land of queer contradictions. So Judge Harry M. Fisher found it. Judge Fisher returned to Chicago yesterday from the Ukraine and Soviet Russia, where, as representative of the Jewish joint distribution committee, he had opportunity to see the present Russian government in power to stay.

"We must leave [Bloom Photo.] Russia alone," he said, in summarizing his views. "We should resume trade with the soviet. The bolshevist government is permanent. The Polish war has welded the Russians together more than ever. While there are only 700,000 members of the Communist party, the peasants, who represent almost 100,000,000 people are solidly back of the Lenin regime."

Finds a Practical Side.

Judge Fisher found that under the theoretical current of communist life, in which nobody owns anything, there flows a stream of commercialism based on the old solid, practical business life. Theoretically the selling houses are nationalized. In reality everybody is engaged in private business transactions, with even the Communist officials taking part.

He found two kinds of courts, the officially authorized Communist courts and private or secret courts, to which he people appeal in transactions involving the transfer of anything of value.

"The peasants got their lands from the bolsheviks," he said. "They fear that another regime might deprive them of this land, so they are willing to accept the present government, although they lack much in personal liberty. That is why I think that it will be permanent."

"Even the Jew is clothed, fed, and protected. In the elections held just prior to the October revolution for an all Russian-Jewish conference all parties took part, but 70 per cent of the delegates were Zionists.

"Since that election, however, the Zionists adopted a resolution that they did not approve of the present government. Consequently the Hebrew language is prohibited and Jewish councils are suppressed."

Marriage and Divorce Easy.

Judge Fisher commented on the ease with which one can get either married or unmarried in Russia.

"Some time ago it was published that the women of Russia had become national property," he said. "That is untrue, but the ease with which marriage and divorce may be effected makes for rapid changes. Every one wanting to marry goes to what we would call the city hall and registers."

"Inducements to marry are great. When people are hard pressed for clothes and food they sometimes make a pact to 'wed' for a day only.

"The next day they go down to the city hall and 'register' again." This time their names are put side by side in the divorce book. That's all that is necessary to be divorced, and they have had a good feed in the bargain. Children being wards of the government are not taken into consideration. They are not much of a handicap and this order of things gains in popularity.

Three Steamer Lines Between U. S. and S. A.

RIO JANEIRO, Aug. 9.—Plans for the establishment of three lines of steamers for United States ports have been approved by the directors of the Brazilian Lloyds. Ten of the largest and best vessels owned by the company will be employed and will be withdrawn from the Brazilian-European trade. Monthly sailings will be maintained and the first ship will leave this port for New York on Aug. 15.

AUTO TURNS OVER; GIRL DEAD.

HARRISBURG, Ill., Aug. 10.—Mary Tindell, 19, was killed today when an automobile in which she and several friends were riding skidded after leaving a paved road and turned over.

MALONE DEPICTS ARMY OFFICERS' TRAINING WORK

Can React Big Battles at Camp Benning.

Col. Paul B. Malone, who organized the officers' training camps of the central department at the beginning of the war, was later chief of the training branch of the general staff in France, and now is acting commander of the infantry school, dropped into the Training Camp Benning yesterday to tell of the work the army is doing to train officers of the regular army, national guard, and reserve.

Under the present system there are two kinds of schools—general service schools for training officers for staff duty and high commands, and special service schools for training unit commanders for the leadership of troops.

Each Branch Has School.

"Each arm of the service has its school," said Col. Malone. "The infantry school is at Camp Benning, Ga., and is charged with the training of officers in the regular army, national guard, and reserve corps.

"There are three courses: (1) The basic course for all newly commissioned officers; (2) company officers' course; (3) field officers' course, and special courses for guard officers.

"Two classes of national guard officers already have been graduated. The course covers three months, but will be made the same as that for regular officers if appropriations permit. Appropriations permit us to stage two three months' courses for next year. It is earnestly hoped national guard officers will take advantage of this splendid opportunity for training."

Can Reenact Battles.

"Camp Benning contains 97,000 acres. Every variety of terrain is found here which we encountered in France, and there will be no difficulty in reenacting any battle in which the American troops participated.

"The project is far from complete in regard to construction, but it is hoped enlightened public opinion will recognize its tremendous importance and favor its fullest development.

"The course this year probably will include 100 company officers, 200 field officers and 600 basic officers, plus such national guard officers as will be authorized by appropriations.

"The national guard officers at the school are on the same status as the regular army with regard to pay and allowances. At present, however, the majority will be compelled to live in barracks."

CHICAGO MAIL AT TWIN CITIES VIA AIRPLANE

Fort Snelling, Minn., Aug. 10.—Aerial mail service between Chicago and the Twin Cities—Minneapolis and St. Paul—became real today. Pilot Walter Smith, in a Martin bomber, with four student pilots and a mechanic, arrived at 1:45 p. m. at the Twin Cities landing field near here.

A welcoming plane crashed to the earth, injuring John Crowley, of St. Paul, a passenger, so seriously he may die. Jack Malone, the plane's pilot, was only slightly hurt.

St. Louis Route to Open.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 10.—Air mail service between St. Louis and Chicago will be instituted at 9:30 o'clock next Monday morning. A plane will leave each city at that time. The trip will take about 2 hours.

"Nicky" Arnshein Must Answer Bankruptcy Queries

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—(Special.)—An order signed by Federal Judge Hand directed Julia "Nicky" Arnshein to answer certain questions prepared by Saul S. Myers, counsel for the National Surety company, relating to information contained in schedules filed by Arnshein in bankruptcy proceedings pending against him. His counsel has announced he would appeal from the order.

On June 19 Judge Hand denied an application to punish Arnshein for refusing to answer questions, but the protection was removed by Arnshein's failure to claim privilege when he filed his schedule.

H. L. DAVIS LEADS G. O. P. GOVERNOR RACE IN OHIO

Former Cleveland Mayor Strong in Primary.

Columbus, O., Aug. 11, 3 a. m.—With more than one-third of the 6,000 precincts in the state heard from at 2 o'clock this morning on returns from today's state-wide primary election, former Mayor Harry L. Davis of Cleveland had a lead of approximately 14,000 votes over former Congressman Ralph D. Cole of Findlay, his nearest opponent, for the Republican nomination for governor.

State Auditor A. V. Donahay had no opposition for the Democratic nomination for governor.

The vote for governor from 2,108 precincts stood: Cole, 35,012; Davis, 49,865; McCulloch, 21,377; Wood, 2,134.

Will Lead for Senator.

At the same hour returns from 2,139 precincts in the Republican race for the nomination for United States senator showed former Gov. Frank B. Willis of Delaware leading Walter F. Brown of Toledo by 10,000 votes. The vote stood: Willis, 43,775; Brown, 33,832; Wanamaker, 18,010; Walser, 2,173; Walcott, 2,308.

The Democratic race for the nomination for United States senator appeared close. W. A. Julian of Cincinnati, in returns from 1,778 precincts, was leading Judge J. P. O'Neil of Akron by only 1,249 votes. The vote was: Julian, 18,948; O'Neil, 17,699.

Kirkby Behind in Arkansas.

Little Rock, Ark., Aug. 10.—Scattering early returns from today's Democratic state primary show Congressman T. H. Caraway of Jonesboro running far ahead of United States senator W. F. Kirkby in the contest for the nomination for United States senator.

Clothing Workers in Baltimore on Half Time

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—About 5,000 clothing workers are on three days' work a week. About 8,000 are on four days' work a week. In about three weeks 10,000 workers probably will be idle for a period of about six weeks. This summarizes the labor situation in the clothing industry in Baltimore. In New York the situation is now worse, it is said, with fully 50 per cent idle out of 70,000.

RENEW WAGE PACT.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 10.—(Special.)—The agreement between employers and producers in the California fields was announced today by the department of labor. The 18,000 oil workers affected will receive an increase of 75 cents a day and employees in all other branches of the industry will get an increase of 50 cents a day.

GEE WHIZ! 40% JUMP FOR OCTOBER LEASES!

It's on the cards, and the claim there won't be any kick as the people are now "educated" to paying more. "Ignorance is bliss" if it's going to cost us like this to be "educated."

OWN YOUR HOME

That's the best system I can sell you a fine big Suburban Home lot in the best suburb there is, and that's

PARK RIDGE

This property is located in as fine a neighborhood of substantial homes as you'll find anywhere; near schools, churches and stores. I can sell you one or two large lots here a shade cheaper than you'll pay for suburban property elsewhere nor so good as fine as you can ask for—ABOUT 3 BLOCKS FROM THE CHICAGO AND NORTH WESTERN R.R. DEPOT IN PARK RIDGE; ONLY 24 MINUTES' RIDE TO THE LOOP, FARE 10 CENTS; 54 TRAM DAILY. YOU CAN GET FROM PARK RIDGE TO THE LOOP MORE QUICKLY THAN YOU CAN MAKE IT FROM 63RD ST. ON THE SURFACE CARS.

Are you living in hope some day your rent will be lowered? People that believe that believe the earth is flat.

Now why not look into this proposition. I've got something real good to offer you. Will negotiate building for people who mean business.

THESE ARE EXTRA LARGE LOTS; MY PRICE IS LOW; MY TERMS ARE REASONABLE; ONLY A SMALL AMOUNT CASH DOWN; BALANCE \$24.75.

Send me your name and address and I'll send you free illustrated booklet with excellent views of this property, the business and residential streets of Park Ridge, public buildings, full description, etc. This is one of the prettiest places in the state, and you won't buy lots like mine here in a year from now at twice what I ask for them.

Use coupon; send today. This request places you under no obligations to purchase.

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ADDRESS C K 180, TRIBUNE
Dear Sir:—Without placing me under obligations, you may send me 5 booklets containing full information about your PARK RIDGE property.

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Revell & Co.

Oriental Rug Importers

Large Persian Oriental Rugs

An opportunity to cover your floors with large Persian Oriental Rugs at a very low price. We have secured a bargain, and, as is our custom, will give the benefit of the purchase to our customers. See list of sizes and prices.



Persian Mahal Carpets 385.00, 450.00, 495.00

Persian Arrak Carpets 575.00, 675.00, 785.00

Oriental Rugs, average sizes 7x10 and 9x12 feet. They are all strong and durable—in bright and soft-tone effects.

Wabash Av. Alexander Revell & Co. Adams St.

Oxfords Reduced to \$9

GENUINE shell cordovans, calfskins; black or tan—anything you want—any size, any shape, any style. These oxfords have all been \$9 reduced. Now they're

Maurice L Rothschild

Southwest corner Jackson and State

Chicago Minneapolis St. Paul

Money cheerfully refunded

THIRTY MILLION RAISE PLEAS EXPRESS MEN

Expected to Accept Labor
Board Award.

Wage increases amounting to \$30,000,000 yearly were yesterday awarded to the 77,023 employees of the American Railway Express company in a decision on wage schedules handed down by the United States railway labor board. A flat increase of 16 cents an hour was granted to all classes of employees.

Immediately following the award T. B. Harrison, general counsel for the American Railway Express company, announced that recommendations for an increase in rates will be filed with the interstate commerce commission in the immediate future. The company already has before the commission an application for rate increases approximating \$72,000,000 to meet increased costs aside from advanced wages.

Unions Are Satisfied.
The award was virtually accepted yesterday by the heads of the four affected unions who had convened in Chicago for the purpose of considering the increase.

A. Hollinger, grand president of the Order of Railway Expressmen, declared: "The majority of the employees will accept the award as granted and, in a manner, be satisfied."

R. A. Jacobson, grand secretary and treasurer of the same organization, also gave out a statement expressing his belief that the award should be accepted.

The award is the second to be made by the board under the Esch-Cummings transportation bill.

The next question to be taken up will be that of increases for the marine workers. This hearing will be held on Aug. 13.

The marine workers have asked that they be included in the July 20 award which gave railroad workers increases from 20 to 27 per cent.

**Sanitary Board Asks
Bids on Building Bridge**

Sanitary district trustees yesterday authorized Clerk L. S. Rapp to ask for bids on a bridge over the canal at California avenue, long urged by Trustee Patrick J. Carr.

Data on Expressmen's Raise

The following table of wage schedules shows the average salary of express employees previous to yesterday's award, together with what their average salary will be under the award:

Class	No.	Average salary before award	Average salary with award	Average salary over time	Average salary under award
Superintendents maintenance	67	\$116.34	\$122.64	\$118.08	\$124.08
Traffic department	36	109.54	115.84	112.18	118.13
Adv. department clerks	3	113.33	119.63	115.97	122.97
Superintendents transportation	2,213	139.17	145.47	141.11	147.06
Office agents, clerks	21,266	101.43	107.73	103.69	109.14
Platform employees	18,795	95.25	101.55	97.89	103.39
Vehicle employees	19,289	96.96	103.26	99.60	105.60
Stable employees	1,066	90.41	96.71	92.85	98.84
Garage employees	355	110.40	116.70	112.84	118.84
Less and damage clerks	1,889	111.79	118.09	114.43	120.43
Art. dept. and general offices	3,919	93.57	99.87	95.91	101.91
Law department	47	111.34	117.64	113.98	120.28
Miscellaneous	1	87.00	93.30	89.14	95.14
Total agency and miscellaneous employees	68,432	\$106.18	\$112.48	\$108.31	\$114.61
Total employees	1,129	\$109.44	\$115.74	\$111.84	\$118.14
Grand total	77,023	\$106.27	\$112.57	\$108.60	\$114.90
Total amount increases only per month					\$2,546,370.48
Total amount increases only per year					\$30,556,445.76

RAIL OUTLAWS HOPE FOR AID FROM WILSON

A four day conference concerning a possible settlement of the outlaws' switchmen's strike, called last April, has just been concluded at Washington by John Grunau, president of the United Association of Railroad Employees of North America, formerly the Chicago Yardmen's association, and Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson and Joseph Tumulty, secretary to the president.

Mr. Grunau, who returned to Chicago last night, said he and other delegates had sought to obtain a hearing before the mediation board. It was the hope of officers of the union that the federal officials would use their influence to bring about a settlement, he said.

"This can be accomplished in but one way," he explained, "and that is for the railroads to give back the seniority rights to the men who walked off the job."

JOBS OPEN FOR DENVER CARMEN AS INDIVIDUALS

Denver, Colo., Aug. 10.—An agreement to take back striking employees of the Denver Tramway company on individual application of the men in writing, as a step toward ending the strike, which has tied up street railway service here for ten days, was reached tonight.

Refuses Union Demands.
New York, Aug. 10.—Lindley M. Garrison, federal receiver of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company, today refused to grant demands of the Alameda Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees of America for wage increases.

TWO CENT FARE RESTORED, RULES UTILITIES BODY

Denies a 40% Boost for
Freight; Grants 33 1-3.

(Continued from first page.)

either an individual or the roads may appeal to the commission or to the courts to act in cases of conflict between a state and its transportation rulings, for the purpose of seeing that state rates do not pass an undue burden on interstate commerce or are not unduly prejudicial or unjustly discriminatory in favor of state traffic.

The roads may appeal on two counts: first, that the 2 cent intrastate rate is an interference with interstate commerce; and, second, that it is not a just and reasonable rate and therefore confiscatory, in violation of the fourteenth amendment to the federal constitution. The state in turn may appeal to the Supreme court on the interstate commerce commission's decision.

May Continue Present Rate.
In either event, it was pointed out, a final decision before Sept. 1 would be improbable. The course the railroads will probably follow, according to one official last night, will be to continue charging the present rates after Sept. 1.

The attorney general of the state then will petition for an injunction, charging violation of the state transportation act.

Should the injunction be granted and the case carried to the higher courts a 2 cent rate will be in effect within the state until a final decision is handed down. In that event, it was pointed out, the railroads probably will follow the precedent of charging the rate of 3.6 cents a mile, keeping the legal rate of 2 cents and impounding the remainder, issuing a receipt to each passenger for the 1.6 cents a mile surcharge, to be refunded in case the courts rule in favor of the state.

Deny 40 Per cent Freight Boost.
In denying the 40 per cent increase in freight rates and granting a temporary increase of 33 1-3 per cent the commission gave the results of an exhaustive investigation into transportation conditions. The increase is designed to absorb Illinois' share of the \$626,000,000 wage award to railroad workers handed down by the United States railway labor board on July 28.

The carriers show that the emergency arising from this large increase in wages, "is of so grave a nature that it will be impossible for them to obtain the revenues with which to continue to operate unless the advanced rates authorized by the interstate commerce commission are put into effect on an early date. Unless advances of intrastate rates are granted, effective at substantially the same time as the interstate rates go into effect, there will be wide discrimination between interstate and intrastate rates. The result will be a chaotic condition of the transportation service, disastrous to the business interests of the country."

Freight Rates a Problem.
"The 33 1-3 per cent increase is the smallest the commission could grant under existing rulings of the interstate commerce commission," Chairman James H. Wilkerson declared last night. "The public utilities commission had the most difficult situation to deal with in fixing intrastate rates of any state rate-making body in the nation, because three of the four freight rate groups fixed by the interstate commerce commission 'dovetail' in Illinois territory. Each of them have some part in the state transportation field. These are the eastern, southern and western groups."

"The interstate commerce commission fixed an increase of 40 per cent for the eastern group, 35 per cent for the western, and 25 per cent for the southern. It was therefore up to the commission to decide what per cent would be fair and reasonable for all these groups."

Act to Aid People.
"We hold that the people of Illinois should not be asked to bear the burden of a 40 per cent increase, as asked by the carriers, in order to take care of the financial necessities of roads in the eastern groups. The commission finally compromised on 33 1-3 per cent in the freight rates of Illinois over pre-war rates. In the eastern field the increases over pre-war rates amount to 101 1-3 per cent."

"The annual increased burden placed upon the shippers of Illinois at these rates is \$100,000,000, about \$14 per capita, or \$70 per family yearly. The increased burden over pre-war rates is \$175,000,000."

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Henry C. Lytton & Sons

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Annual Sale—

Auto Tires & Accessories

Those who attended our previous Sales will immediately recognize the great values we're offering this year. For here are standard Tires and Accessories, marked at extremely low prices, for immediate disposal. Hundreds of other items included. An early purchase is advisable.

For Ford Owners

30% Off Federal Tires
Guaranteed for 6,000 miles by the Federal Rubber Co.

Size	List price	Our price	Size	List price	Our price
30x3 1/2	\$23.50	\$16.25	32x4	\$39.25	\$27.48
32x3 1/2	\$28.00	\$19.60	34x4	\$46.10	\$32.28
32x4	\$32.00	\$22.40	34x4 1/2	\$52.25	\$36.58
32x4 1/2	\$37.40	\$26.18	35x4 1/2	\$55.65	\$38.96

20% Off "Miller" Tires

The Tire That's Geared to the Road; 1920 Stock; War Tax Paid

Fabric Tires, Guaranteed for 8,000 Miles

Size	List price	Our price	Size	List price	Our price
30x3 1/2	\$23.50	\$18.80	32x4 1/2	\$46.70	\$37.36
32x3 1/2	\$28.00	\$22.40	32x4 3/4	\$49.30	\$39.44
32x4	\$32.00	\$25.60	34x4 1/2	\$51.80	\$41.44
32x4 1/2	\$37.40	\$29.92	34x4 3/4	\$54.70	\$43.76

Save on Your Accessories

\$10 allowance on your old Battery. Bring in your old battery and we make this allowance in exchange on the well known Amplus Battery for all cars.

Spark Plug Wrenches—Spl. 25c.
Bulbs—6-8-2 c. p. S. or D. contact, spl. 15c.
Auto Clock—8 days; reg. \$8; spl. \$5.95.

JOHNSON'S Carbon Remover—
Half pint cans; reg. 75c; spl. 49c.
Rubber Runningboard Mats—Spl. 79c.
Back Rest Cushions—Spl. \$1.95.

Fabric Back Tire Tube Repair—
Can, spl. 35c.
Auto Foot Pumps—Three cylinder; very powerful; reg. \$6; spl. \$4.50.

HYDROMETER—For testing battery solution; reg. \$1; spl. 59c.
Combination Grease and Oil Can—Spl. 49c.
Cotton Waste—Pound bag; spl. 35c.

Simon's Auto Wax or Kleen—Reg. 60c; spl. 42c.
Pyrene Fire Extinguisher—Complete with brackets; spl. \$7.95.
Tire Tale—Can, 15c.

Golden Rod Radiator Cement—Can, spl. 35c.
Ash Receivers—For all cars, spl. \$1.95.
ANDERSON Autocleaner—Reg. \$10; spl. \$8.95.

Cup Grease—Five-pound pail; reg. \$1.25; spl. 79c.
Bumpers—Channel bar; for all makes of cars; spl. \$8.95.

Wrench Set—Set of six; reg. \$1.25; spl. 79c.
Special Dodge Spark Plug—Spl. 59c.

Express Prepaid on Mail Orders—Prices Quoted on Other Items

Fifth Floor

THE HUB

Henry C. Lytton & Sons

State and Jackson—on the N. E. Corner

Tobey

Semi-annual Sale

Farsighted home-furnishers buy their furniture now in the season when price reductions hold full sway.

Many homes have a place where such a set as this is needed. It is simple in design and construction but is well suited to a room where mere expensive furniture is not necessary.

Our sale is crowded with rare chances for saving---bargains that we cannot duplicate, many not even at full regular prices.

THE ASHLEY BEDROOM SET
Mahogany, oak or enamel finish.

Bed . . \$32 Dresser . . \$44
Chiffonier \$27 Dressing table \$33

Many homes have a place where such a set as this is needed. It is simple in design and construction but is well suited to a room where mere expensive furniture is not necessary.

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Our sale is crowded with rare chances for saving---bargains that we cannot duplicate, many not even at full regular prices.

Ford Accessories

CHAMPION X Spark Plugs—Four to a customer; spl. 55c.
Porcelains—To fit Champion X Spark Plugs; spl. 12c.

Spark Plug Brushes—Spl. 15c.
Shaler 5-Minute Vulcanizer—Reg. \$1.50; spl. 93c.

Rubbers—Size, 30x3 1/2; spl. \$1.85.
License Clips—Pair; spl. 20c.

Inner Shoes—3/4-inch size; spl. 25c.
Auto Pumps—Two cylinders; spl. \$1.79.

Johnson's Auto Wax or Kleen—Can, spl. 19c.
Wood Auto Creepers—For work under car; spl. \$2.15.

Cotter Pins or Lock Washers—Box, spl. 15c.
AUTO Jacks—Spl. \$1.95.

Pet Cock Wrenches—Spl. 10c.
Special 1-Day Auto Clock—Spl. \$3.75.

Coco's Runningboard Mats—Spl. 89c.
Special Hammers—Spl. 45c.

Valve Spring Lifters—Spl. 55c.
Canvas Work Gloves—Pair, spl. 25c.

Wire Wheel Bushers—Spl. 85c.
FORD Perry Locks—Reg. \$7; spl. \$3.95.

Milwaukee Timers—Spl. \$1.85.
Chamoline—For cleaning cars; spl. 35c.

A. C. Carbon-proof Spark Plugs—Reg. \$1; spl. 69c.
Signal Whistles—Spl. \$3.50.

Columbia Dry Cells—Spl. 39c.
Auto Sponges—Spl. 39c. to \$1.45.

Knock-tarnish Metal Polish—Can, 50c.
Map—Radius of 150 miles of Chicago; spl. 10c.

Blax-shine Outfit

Repaints entire car; \$3.25
dries over night.

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dries over night.

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Repaints entire car; \$3.25
dries over night.

HARTMANN

AUGUST CLEARANCE SALE

Luggage at Greatly Reduced Prices

THIS Annual Clearance Sale affords decisive savings that every traveler should take advantage of. The Luggage is new—fresh—highly desirable, meeting the exacting requirements of the most discriminating. Involved are

Men's Traveling Bags Women's Traveling Bags
Men's Suit Cases Women's Suit Cases
Fitted Cases and Bags for Men or Women
Week End Cases Motor Luggage
Fitted Toilet Rolls

Hartmann Wardrobe Trunks
(specially priced)
\$50 \$68.50 \$75

Women's Hand Bag Sale
Large assortments in every preferred shape and shade. Beautiful styles reduced to
\$5.50 \$7.50 \$10

The Hartmann Trunk Co.
626 S. Michigan Avenue (Adjacent Blackstone Hotel) 119 N. Wabash Avenue (Opposite Marshall Field's)

Thrifty in Advertising
These days induce advertising thrift. Competition will, of course, take appropriations higher. Because advertising to the consumer is the cheapest motive power that can be added to sales methods. Thrift in advertising will be manifest in getting values in space, value in illustration, value in positions, color or plate work, value in copy.

But more than that—Thrift will demand value in the use to which advertising is put in getting greater, better and more profitable distribution.

Executives who are inquiring into advertising will find the sixteen years' experience of this organization most satisfactory in developing plans that eliminate experiment and get full value for the appropriation.

We welcome inquiry.
Mitchell-Faust Advertising Co.
Established 1904 Tribune Building Phone State 6619

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PEOPLE TO GET HARDING DRAFT OF LEAGUE SOON

Movies, Phonograph, to Carry Porch to Public.

BY PHILIP KINSLEY.
 Marion, O., Aug. 10.—[Special.]—Fundamentally, it is the Wilson administration, including the Wilson league of nations, that forms the outstanding issue of this campaign, according to Chairman Will H. Hays of the national committee, who visited Senator Harding at his home today.

Gov. Cox's speech of acceptance, Mr. Hays thinks, has placed the Democratic candidate in the attitude of accepting all President Wilson has done. On that line the Republicans intend to force the fight.

Mr. Hays came bearing confidential reports from many states. He reported 100,000 precinct committeemen are at work. He added that the situation everywhere is extremely satisfactory to the Republicans.

Strives to Give Women Votes.
 One of the things he is working hard to bring about now is suffrage ratification in Tennessee. He received reports on the situation there during the day and sent urgent telegrams to party leaders in Nashville. The Republicans, he said, sincerely want all the women to vote, regardless of which state takes final favorable action.

Senator Harding's part in the campaign was discussed. One of the big questions of policy, on which the candidate is expected to declare himself soon, is just what specification he would take to reform the league of nations to make it acceptable to this nation. He will not permit Gov. Cox to define this position for him, assuming that because Harding is against the Wilson league he is against any league.

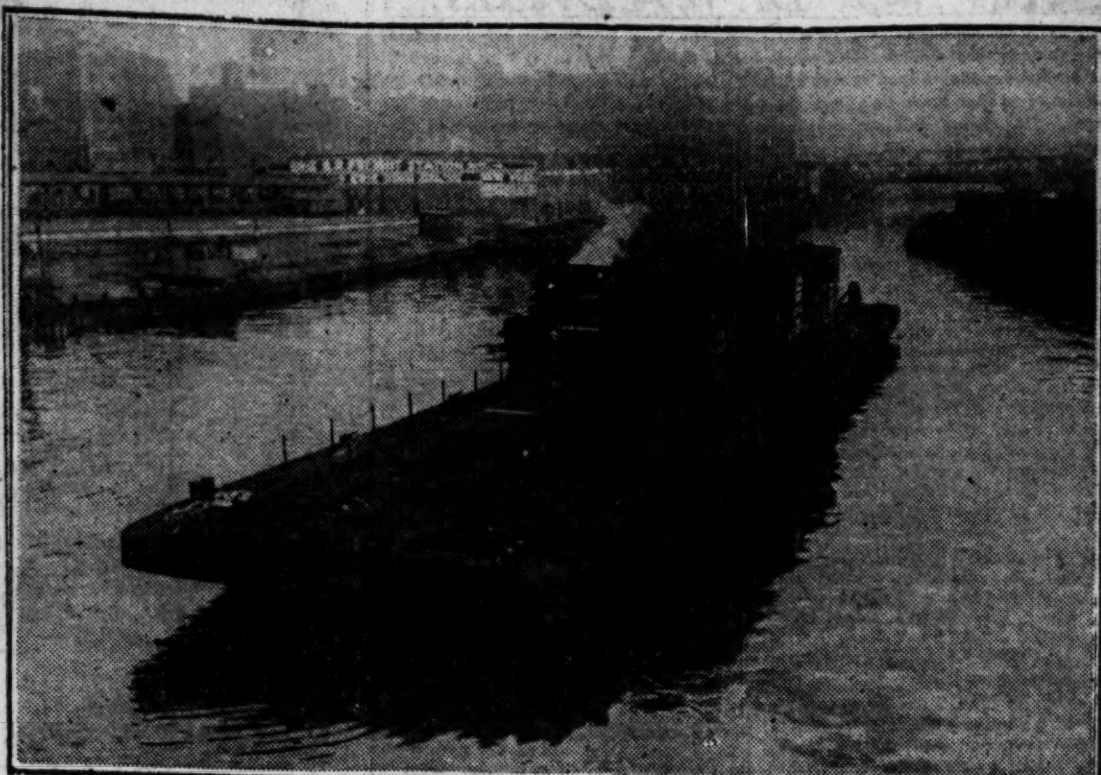
Gov. Cox's speech and the reaction that has been noted throughout the country by the political experts have brought no change in the Harding plan of campaign, Mr. Hays said.

Porch Helps Reflection.
 "It has been a conviction of Senator Harding," he said, "that he can speak deliberately at home and belittlingly cover a variety of interesting topics, and neither he nor his close friends have found a reason to change their minds."

The Harding managers will depend upon publicity to supplement the porch talks. They will use not only "news items," but advertising space and the movies. Big plans for movie work are under way. One scheme involves putting Harding in action on the screen delivering an address and give a photographic record of the address at the same time, the words to correspond with the gestures. This has been tried in New York.

'DRAFT EVADERS' NAMES MAY BE KEPT FROM PUBLIC
 Washington, D. C., Aug. 10.—The war department may give up its plan to publish the names of draft evaders, Secretary Baker said it would be unfair to some men to publish their names as draft evaders. Among men technically so named, he said, are some men now in hospitals, and those who after first evading the draft later joined the army.

This Railroad Swims Like a Duck!



Erie freight trains in Chicago take to barges in order to save time and money to north and northwest side merchants and manufacturers

THE NOMINEES: WHAT SORT OF MEN THEY ARE

(Continued from first page.)

Trailend whether it would not be well to button my pockets as well as my lips.

Curiously enough, and more than pleasantly enough, it was the men themselves who dispelled the canting, countryside figments and fantasies about themselves that have become entrusted upon their true personalities within the last couple of months. They very readily got themselves readjusted into the aspect of human beings when they came face to face with them and they did it without self-consciousness and apparently without trying.

Harding's Hearty Goodness.
 The hearty goodness and the constitutional geniality of outlook of Senator Harding did not evaporate under the test of a long talk on many matters, but it ceased to be uncanny, and the renowned deftness of Gov. Cox, though it remained evident, ceased to oppress you as Machiavellian; and long before that talk was over it got itself supplanted with a grave, quietly spoken solicitude for the human wreckage which the executive of a state is bound to encounter that was almost womanly in its tenderness. I won't say that once, when he was speaking of a singularly poignant case along those lines, the governor's eyes filled with tears, for that would be trenching on the specialty of the campaign biographer, but I do know that he did turn away his eyes from mine—as a man will when he does not want you to see that he is deeply moved—and that his voice sank almost to a whisper.

Neither Is a Poseur.
 Neither man appeared to have any concern about posing as an epitome of supreme qualities, either moral or mental, and such self-revelation as they vouchsafed seemed altogether unstudied. Hence it was to me, with my head all befuddled with Little Rollo and Machiavelli superstitions of goodness and superlativeness, a source of comfort that was almost benediction to see the senator bite relishingly into a piece of what he in Michigan used to call eatin' tobacco, and to hear the other man, who had been so often described to me as ruthless in his smartness, say to the little maid who served him, "Thank you, Margaret, every time she passed him food. He always said it slowly and gravely—almost with a stately kind of courtesy—and never casually."

Trains by Barge

FOR the first time since war was declared freight cars were carried down the Chicago river yesterday on barges. Reestablishment of the waterway car service was coincident with the reopening by the Erie railroad of freight depots at Kingsbury and Erie streets and Webster avenue and the river.

The depots were reopened at the request of the North Side Business Men's association to relieve the congestion in the central freight district. The step will mean a saving of money and time to the merchants and manufacturers of the north and northwest sides. The cars are loaded upon the barge at the Eighteenth street yards of the railroad and are towed by a tug to the north side terminals, where they are distributed by electric locomotives.

mental, and such self-revelation as they vouchsafed seemed altogether unstudied. Hence it was to me, with my head all befuddled with Little Rollo and Machiavelli superstitions of goodness and superlativeness, a source of comfort that was almost benediction to see the senator bite relishingly into a piece of what he in Michigan used to call eatin' tobacco, and to hear the other man, who had been so often described to me as ruthless in his smartness, say to the little maid who served him, "Thank you, Margaret, every time she passed him food. He always said it slowly and gravely—almost with a stately kind of courtesy—and never casually."

Chaplin Is at Salt Lake Resting from Divorce Suit
 Salt Lake City, Utah, Aug. 10.—Charlie Chaplin is at the Hotel Utah here to escape newspaper notoriety incident to his wife's divorce suit. It is said Deputies were searching for him in Los Angeles last night to serve a restraining order to keep him from disposing of certain pictures in which his wife claims she has an equal interest.

GOV. COX READY TO OPEN DRIVE ON WHITE HOUSE

Speaking Tour Is to Last Until Election.

BY ROBERT B. SMITH.
 Dayton, O., Aug. 10.—[Special.]—Gov. James M. Cox will leave Dayton tomorrow to begin what promises to be one of the most extensive and energetic campaign tours ever taken by a presidential candidate.

He is going first to Columbus to take a final look over things at the state house. He will set out bright and early Thursday morning to motor to Camp Perry, a rifle range on Lake Erie, about 125 miles north of Columbus, where he will present the Ohio governor's cup to the winner of the national rifle match. From then on the governor will be on the jump almost continuously with a speaking engagement or several of them, for every day up to election.

Votes in Primary.
 The governor voted today in the Ohio primary. He cast ballot number 12 in a voting booth located in a barber shop at Carmona, a small village south of Dayton. Among the nominations being made today is that of a successor to Gov. Cox, who has been head of the state government for three terms. The governor has taken no part in the primary and gave no indication whom he was supporting.

Hurley Is Pleased.
 Telegrams of congratulations of his acceptance continued to pour in on the governor today. Among them was one from Edward N. Hurley of Chicago, former chairman of the United States shipping board, who wired: "It is a fighting speech; it furnishes an excellent basis for the national campaign of the party that has nominated you."

Gov. Cox was advised today by Senator Harrison of the Democratic speakers' bureau that an additional speaking date for the night of Aug. 28 at New Haven, Conn., had been added to the governor's itinerary.

HANDS SELF TO CHANDLER.
 The body of 65-year-old Edward Martin, a laborer, was found last night hanging from a chandelier in the basement of a house at 3812 South Lawrence avenue. A note announced that he was despondent.

BISHOP PREDICTS ANOTHER WAR; BLAMES WILSON

Petokey, Mich., Aug. 10.—Bishop William F. Anderson of Cincinnati, O., who made six trips to Europe just before, during, and after the world war, told a crowd at the annual Bay View assembly that Europe again is to be drenched in blood because Wilson's egotism prevented his taking Taft and others into conference, and that America deserted the world when needed most, thus causing the present crisis in Poland. He said no man ever rose so quickly to the pinnacle of fame and dropped to ineffectuality so quickly as has Wilson.

Two Cross Continent Mail Flyers at Los Angeles

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 10.—Two all-metal airplanes, which fixed the serial routes from New York to San Francisco, arrived here at 3:50 this afternoon from Oakland, which they left at 11:30 this morning.

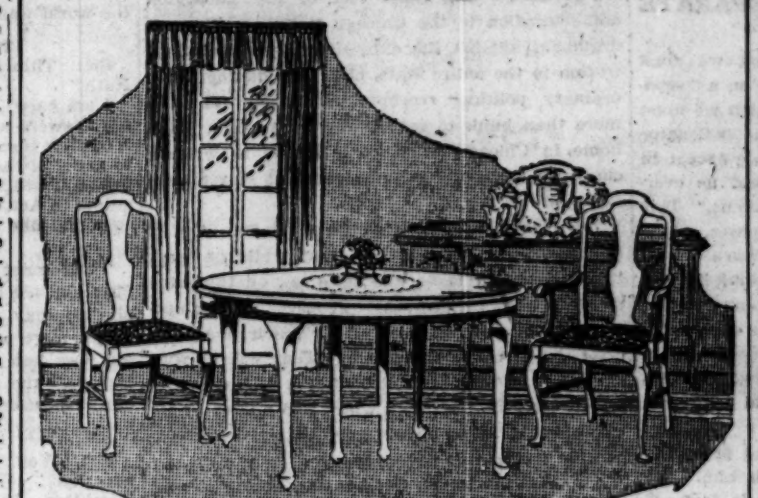
WILSON URGES PAY OF MINERS BE READJUSTED

Washington, D. C., Aug. 10.—[Special.]—President Wilson, convinced that the striking bituminous coal miners of Illinois and Indiana had returned to work, in accordance with his request, today made good his promise to the recalcitrant miners and requested the members of the joint scale committee of operators and miners of the central competitive coal field to meet in Cleveland next Friday to consider inequalities in the award of the bituminous coal commission.

It was in rebellion against the coal commission's award that the recent strike occurred, and the president promised the strikers he would have the scale committee meet to consider their demands if they would first resume work.

RAILROAD TORPEDO KILLS BOY.
 John Budek, 6 years old, 2711 Hillock street, was probably fatally injured yesterday when he exploded in front of his home a railroad torpedo.

REVELL & CO.



See Our Display of Dining Room Furniture

Beautiful Queen Anne Dining Room Set, consisting of table, 5 chairs and one arm chair. The pieces are well constructed of a combination mahogany and are finished in brown.

Special Price \$195.00

Webster Ave. Alexander H. Revell & Co. Adams St.

Mandel Brothers

Apparel section, fourth floor

Remarkable introductory values in an advance sale of women's and misses' fall frocks, \$45

—of satin, charmeuse, crepe de chine, tricotine

Frocks that give authoritative expression to the newer mode—all the models available in all sizes for women and misses—are more moderately priced than any of their class you may see in mid-autumn.



Navy, brown and black —all vogue for autumn; frocks cut on the new lines, and adorned with beading or embroidery in refreshingly novel designs. At \$45.

\$45

Fourth floor.



Might As Well Have SHAYNE Furs

There are standards of quality in all departments of merchandise.

In furs, the standard of quality for 47 years has been "Shayne."

That Standard Quality Shayne Furs cost no more than other good furs is merely an added reason why your next furs should bear the famous trade-mark.

During August there is still another buying attraction—the 20% discount that applies to every fur garment in the Shayne establishment.

JOHN T. SHAYNE & CO.
 PALMER HOUSE CORNER

A8TARR BEST

MADISON AND WABASH

20% off

On

All Shoes

During

August



This sale includes our entire stock

Nothing Reserved

An opportunity to save on the children's Fall and Winter shoes, as well as to purchase

Play Shoes
 Oxfords
 Barefoot Sandals
 Ankle Ties
 Slippers

to finish out the season at

Pronounced Reductions

A8TARR BEST

MADISON AND WABASH (CHICAGO)



Oldsmobile

POWER that exhilarates; lines that command admiration; springs that smother shock; deep cushioning that invites relaxation; perfect appointments that command satisfaction—the aggregation of these in the Oldsmobile Sedan Eight imports inimitable luxury. Yet the Oldsmobile is not high priced.

ILLINOIS OLDSMOBILE CO.

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Ed. J. Pilling Motor Co.

4610 Washington Blvd., Chicago

South Side Auto Sales Co.

1113 E. 63rd St., Chicago

Hotel Atlantic

Main Dining Room NOW OPEN

AIR COOLING SYSTEM

CLARK near JACKSON, CHICAGO

Chicago Tribune

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FOUNDED JUNE 16, 1847.

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER, JUNE 3, 1896, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT CHICAGO, ILL., UNDER ACT OF MARCH 3, 1879.

All unsolicited articles, manuscripts, letters, and pictures sent to this Tribune are held at the sender's risk, and the Tribune assumes no responsibility for their safe custody or return.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 11, 1920.

"Our Country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right; but our country, right or wrong."
—Stephen Decatur.

THE TRIBUNE'S PLATFORM FOR CHICAGO

- 1—Lessen the Smoke Horror.
- 2—Create a Modern Traction System.
- 3—Modernize the Water Department.
- 4—Build Wide Roads into the Country.
- 5—Develop All Railroad Terminals.
- 6—Push the Chicago Plan.

SEPARATE PEACE OR SEPARATE WAR

An example of the buncombe that we must make way with is Mr. Cox's remarks on a "separate peace." With an indignation which we must feel as somewhat histrionic Mr. Cox quotes Senator Lodge as asserting that to make peace except in company with our allies would "brand us everlastingly with dishonor and bring ruin to us." This assertion Mr. Cox, for campaign purposes, would apply to the present situation. We have not so poor an opinion of his brains that we think he does not know better. Senator Lodge's declaration was made during wartime, while our allies were fighting with us, and while the enemy was still undefeated, if not, in fact, confident of victory. To have made a separate peace then would have been desertion. No one challenges that.

But now the enemy is defeated and prostrate, and our allies have made peace with him. We alone are still at war, formally, if not in fact. If any talk of making separate peace is accurate, it is our allies who have made a separate peace; peace separate from the only peace which the United States can ever make—that is, a peace agreed to by the constitutional authorities vested with the power and duty of making peace, the president and senate of the United States.

Senator Lodge's declaration apart, Mr. Cox's theory, or pretended theory, is, in plain English, that we are in duty bound to make any peace that our allies and the president alone have seen fit to make. Unless the senate itself, valuing its constitutional duty of independent judgment, and accepting the teeth of its own contrary conviction the peace found acceptable by our allies and our president, Mr. Cox would have the American people agree with him that we are "bearing and deserving to bear the contempt of the world." The quicker this accusation is challenged the better. Mr. Cox declares that "in good faith we pledged our strength with our associates for the enforcement of terms upon offending powers, and now it is suggested that this be withdrawn." Mr. Cox knows, or if he does not he is unfit to be a constitutional officer of our government, that this assertion is false. We did not pledge ourselves to enforce any terms that our allies wished to impose. No government could pledge us to impose or enforce any terms that did not receive the approval not only of our representatives in the peace council but our constitutional representatives in the senate.

There is no more moral or legal obligation on us to make peace on the terms approved by England, France, and Italy than upon them to make peace upon terms demanded by the constitutional authorities of the United States, which are not the president alone, but the president and the senate of the United States.

Mr. Wilson's alternative, which Mr. Cox now indorses and asks the American people to indorse, was a peace with our allies which would support the British in Mesopotamia, the French in Syria, the Italians in Fiume and the Tyrol, the Japanese in Shantung, the Poles in Kiev. The Republicans and some American Democrats in the senate, acting under their constitutional obligations, refused to accept such a peace and the machinery to perpetuate it, except with reservation in what they considered to be the national interest. The president refusing to give ground, we have not a separate peace, indeed, but a separate war, while our allies, without agreement with us, have made peace and are making the most of it.

Those are the facts, and we think Mr. Cox and the Democratic orators cannot hide them by rhetorical dithering and sophistry. The United States did the greatest service to Europe ever bestowed by one people upon another. Its honor is not only without tarnish but shines brighter than ever today.

THE POLISH MILITARY SITUATION

THE TRIBUNE correspondent with the Red army makes report of a condition of Polish military which supported from other sources offers little hope of a reversal of the present military situation. Eudeny, the commander of the Russian right, says that there were few casualties in his recent advance, the Polish soldiers falling to offer resistance even where in the marsh country a few resolute men could have held back much greater forces. He also declares that his cavalry drove the enemy before them with knouts.

This, if true, indicates a complete breakdown of Polish morale, at least in the northern sector, and the sudden reverse of the victorious Polish advance, with its long retreat where along the line, makes Eudeny's statement plausible.

In such a state of morale what hope can there be either for the Polish army or for the Polish dreams of a really independent state? Make all due allowance for want of heavy artillery, shortage of ammunition, and errors of the higher command, still the Poles have been fighting on their own soil for some time now, and it would seem time for death-defying resolution, if the Poles can summon it. We have too fresh a memory of the French at Verdun, the Canadians at Ypres, of Gallipoli and the Marne, to feel that the odds which the Poles have had to meet are reason for complete demoralization and despair.

The report is indeed significant that the French advisers with the Polish staff declare that the Polish situation is not irretrievable, and they have offered to assume direction on the condition that they be given complete control.

Unfortunately this offer seems to have been rejected, which indicates that whatever the morale of the rank and file, the higher command remains unconvinced of its inability to defend Poland. In

the face of the military disaster, it must seem to outsiders that it would be better for Poland if her military leaders showed less pride or more skill. Nations quite as proud as the Poles and of far greater power submitted under the pressure of need to the French command, and it would not be a cause of humiliation if the Polish general staff should follow the example.

Most of Poland's history has been the fruit of the selfish pride of her aristocracy. The well wishers of Poland, among which the better part of the American people are to be numbered, will pray that history is not to repeat herself in this tragic crisis. The Russian is a formidable soldier at all times. He is commanded by able generals. Poland needs the best direction available and the French military genius now offers it.

If it could be said that a foreign command would weaken the morale of a proud army, its acceptance might be dubious, but if Polish morale is now what it is reported to be and what the fate of the Polish army seems to show it is, that argument falls to the ground. It is plausible, on the contrary, that skillful, resourceful and resolute French command would hearten the rank and file and give new hope to a cause now rapidly sinking.

NO THOMPSON TAMMANY FOR ILLINOIS

The dollars and cents cost of the Thompson administration to the Chicago taxpayer offers an argument against the extension of that administration to the entire state, clear and distinct from ordinary political recriminations. It will take more than bunk to satisfy the owner of a small home in Chicago when he is forced to write a check for taxes this year 30 per cent larger than last year.

Yet that is exactly what he must do. And if he investigates he will find that while he pays this increase in taxes, the state tax on the same property shows a decrease. Property owners outside Chicago will be particularly quick to appreciate the threat of these facts. They will be wise enough to prevent such exploitation of their property by an administration which has proved by its tax bills, if in no other way, that it is an expensive medium of government.

A typical tax bill in Chicago this spring is that of the home owner who must pay \$106.80. That is \$36 more than last year. The city's portion of these taxes is \$67.40, as against \$39.60 last year. On the same bill the county tax had increased only \$2.75 and the state tax had decreased from \$15 to \$12.

Such figures make it evident that the added cost of the cost of living in Chicago under the Thompson administration. We believe the rest of the state will be very shy of supporting an administration which will take money out of the home or farm owner's pocket at that rate.

APPLYING REASON TO RENTING.

The approach of the fall renting season is reviving the complaints of rent profiteering which culminated last spring in tenants' associations, court battles, and waste of time and money. The lease renewal notices recently distributed call for rental increases of 25 to 100 per cent. It is logical to expect that they will cause an uproar similar, if not equal, to that of last spring. It can be avoided by use of common sense.

We have no law at present to restrict rent profiteering, but that does not mean we shall never have one. Ald Mulachy is already setting the wheels in motion in that direction. Whether he succeeds depends largely upon the extent to which public opinion is stirred by avaricious landlords. New York had no such law until the public demanded it in self-defense. Now New York landlords are paying the penalty of greed by being forced to show cause when they increase rents more than 15 per cent. This puts the burden of court action upon them, and with jury trials makes their path to profiteering very rocky. Chicago landlords are not exempt from similar possibilities.

The tenants generally are inclined to be reasonable. When shown how taxes have jumped 30 per cent, with coal, janitor service, and other items as much more, they will listen patiently to requests for higher rent. They know the decreased buying power of the dollar and will even allow the justice of greater profits. The landlord who deals with them upon that basis will have little trouble.

The landlord who does not will face tenants' strikes, court action, and loss of money through vacancies. He is likely to precipitate a law which will leave him no liberty in the matter of price fixing.

To be sure, there is a housing shortage, but high rents have driven hundreds of families to "double up" and there are several thousand vacant flats and houses, according to the recent police survey. If the owners of these flats and houses had been reasonable they would have had tenants. The tenants exist, but there is a limit to what they will or can pay. The landlord who is wise, both for the present and the future, will keep his demands within this limit. He knows what exorbitant prices have done to the clothing business. His own business is equally vulnerable. The need of shelter is no greater than the need of clothing.

Editorial of the Day

DEFEATING JUSTICE.

[Orange Judd Farmer.]

It is common complaint that courts and juries are too slow and too lenient in their dealings with criminals. There are many miscarriages of justice in the courts, usually chargeable to the machinations of shrewd criminal lawyers—occasionally to political or other influences, exercised by under cover friends of the man on trial.

It is apparent, however, that justice is defeated frequently after courts and juries have done their full duty. When criminals feel that a lawful sentence can still be circumvented by methods hidden from the public, it is small wonder that fear of justice loses its deterrent influence.

We in Illinois just now have three glaring examples of justice defeated after courts and juries have done their part to protect society from wrongdoers. First, James Duval, convicted of the sale of tubercular cattle, involving the spread of consumption, the great scourge of the human race, has more than one-half of his sentence commuted by executive pardon.

Then Mike Boyle, convicted as a labor grafter, has a full pardon handed him. And it is significant that before he is out thirty days the grand jury is impetioned to investigate his grand jury in calling, without a minute's notice, a street railway strike in Chicago, which was promptly and quietly called off after the same Mr. Boyle had an interview with the officials of the company.

And now Brent Allison, convicted as a draft evader, is turned loose. Judicial delay and outside influence are bad enough in open courtrooms, but they are at least exercised in public view. Executive clemency, following what is practically a retrial in secret, with the public unrepresented, may easily become a still more dangerous menace to law and order.

A LINE OF TYPE OR TWO

How to the Line, let the type fall where they may.

"I AM in favor of going in," declares Mr. Cox boldly. Whereas Mr. Harding, hanging his clothes on a hickory limb, poses on the strand, at a safe distance from the perilous water.

THE gas company at Indianapolis has refused to supply gas for the international balloon race. Why don't the fliers, pourquoils Old Bob Peattie, apply to Messrs. Hays and White?

LONDON reports that the advancing Bolsheviks have encountered "stern" resistance. So, from this distance, it would appear.

Delete "Disease is" and Make it a Really Interesting Controversy.

[Correspondence New York Times.] "I do not intend to enter the controversy between the doctor and the Western Christian as to whether the church or the doctors did more to eliminate disease in the human race."

FILIPINO employees of newspapers in Manila struck because the newspapers opposed the independence of the Philippines. Similarly, the competitors in Paris struck because they objected to the editorial ideas of their journals. When "A Mad World, My Masters" was produced, in 1803, the world was comparatively sane.

PITCH AND RUN SHOTS.

Sir: Title for Babe's memoirs: "The Book of Ruth."

I am cured of late sleeping. I can't wait to see the answers to the "Memory Tests."

Ceding them Memory Tests is indeed flattering to many of the C. readers.

"La Tosca." Snappy tempo when the sacristan enters in Act I. Voice heard: "The sacristan" to sound like a musical shop, ain't it, George?

C. A. R.

"WE want a change," said Mr. Cox, with a glance at the sound amplifier, "from the old world of yesterday, where international intrigue made people mere pawns on the chessboard of war." If Mr. Cox can also use the jar, "Chancelleries of Europe," the superintendent of the Cannery has our permission to ship it to his collect.

Do It Ever So Tasty.

Sir: Well, now that you are back from your vacation... I'll endeavor to slip you some information. It is absolutely impossible to manufacture a beer that can be classified as beer by mixing some malt and hops in a kettle at home. If you have a thing that could be done the brewers would not have invested their money in expensive equipment. It requires a great deal of experience, even with elaborate equipment, to turn out a good glass of beer. If you can't do it, why not?

IS it not a difference between two-fold fermentation and bread-and-butter fermentation? Of course one cannot make good lager beer at home, but a very palatable beverage, tasting like ale, can easily be made in a kettle. "If we desire?" Sure. Justapose us. Merri!

KEEP YOUR HAIR ON.

[From the Door County News.] We take this method of notifying the residents of Washington the undersigned view that we do not have the small pox. It was only a case of measles, if anyone should ask. And also wish it understood that none of our neighbors have been exposed to it as remarked. So why get so excited? Ed Ames.

THERE is a hint for Mr. Harding in some late remarks of Mr. Clocote. In pitching Mr. Cox he should not feed him spitlers without a break. Mix them up. Give him a fast one to show him that you have it, but never grove it. When the count is close use the spitter.

"Is There Anybody Coming, Sister Anne?"

Reverend and Dear Sir: For those who are at a loss to account for the virtuous insinuations of the day, I beg to submit the following by G. K. C. "The modern world is not evil. It is full of wild and wasted virtues. When a religious scheme is shattered (as Christianity was shattered by the Reformation), it is not merely the vice that are let loose. The vices are, indeed, let loose, and they wander and do damage. But the virtues are let loose also; and the virtues wander more widely, and the virtues do more damage. The modern world is full of the old Christian virtues gone mad. The virtues have gone mad because they have been isolated from each other and are wandering alone. Thus some scientists are for war; and their truth is pitiless. And some are for peace; and their peace is a cold, unfeeling peace. Some are for duty; and their duty is a cold, unfeeling duty. Some are for love; and their love is a cold, unfeeling love. 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RHYME SLOGANS KINK THE BRAIN OF POOR "YE ED"

But He'll "Come Back,"
So Send 'Em Along.

The slogans come in like a wolf on the fold
And clutter the office in numbers untold.
"Ye gods," yelled the slogan ed, "it looks like a rainstorm."
Then he faded away in the throes of a brainstorm.

That friends and slogan writers, is the direct result of reading the thousands of political war cries that have been received by THE TRIBUNE for the Cox and Harding campaigns. So many of 'em are done in rhyme that the slogan editor is getting the habit. Take these epics, for instance:

Cox, O Cox, get a tent;
Harding has paid the White House rent!

—William P. Walther, Oak Park, Ill.

Good-bye, Wilson; good-bye, Cox.
Come on, Harding. Never mind the knocks.

—Harold Commer, Bremen, Ind.

Let the Dems go dead,
Put Harding at the head.
Enough said!

—J. E. Keith, Kenilworth, Ill.

Harding, Harding—he's the man;
Mr. Cox—he also ran.

—J. J. Reed, Beloit, Wis.

Cox 'twill be
And Frank's D.

—R. S. Branch, 20 E. Jackson-bld.

Battle Cries in Prose.

At this juncture we pause to give the political Byrons a rest. Here are a batch of battle cries in prose:

"The world in pieces with Harding;
The world at peace with Cox."—Fenn Kiefe, Butte, Mont.

"Jimmie Cox—and the corkscrew,
too!"—L. P. Smith, 3521 Pine Grove avenue.

"A vote for Cox means a vote for peace."
—L. W. Crockett, Sibley, La.

"Cox the coarseness of the nation—
he will land us in the port of prosperity."
—W. C. Egan, Highland Park, Ill.

"No X for US.—W. H. McGrew, Benton, Ill.

"Harding, a printer president; clean type,
clean cut, clean issue."—Mrs. Ada R. Johnson, Marengo, Ill.

"Harding or Hell!"—E. W. Stahl, Rock Island, Ill.

Some More for Harding.

"Support Harding and we are headed
back for the United States again."
—C. K. Austin, Woodstock, Ill.

"We prefer the constitution to the
league of allied nations."—G. E. Lind,
2258 Orchard street.

"Harding first, November second;
America first after March fourth."
—Roe E. Loran, Waukon, Ia.

"Harding; he has a face that a little
child could look into and smile."
—J. P. Arnold, 27 West Erie street.

In submitting his brain child, E. H.
Davis of 53 West Jackson boulevard,
stipulated that if it won any of the
prizes the money should be added to
THE TRIBUNE fund for Detective Sergeant
Frank McCurt, who was killed recently
while gamely battling a trio of
bandits. Mr. Davis writes:

"Your vote for Harding to America
will bring prosperity and domestic
tranquility."
Here's hoping it wins a prize.

HOPE TO EXTEND CAMP ROOSEVELT THROUGH NATION

Muskegon, Mich., Aug. 10.—[Special.]

Angus S. Hubbard of Chicago has
notified Capt. F. L. Beals that the
Military Training Camp association
will start a nation-wide recruiting
and publicity drive for Camp Roosevelt
next year. The decision was made at
the conference held in Chicago and
attended by Col. Frank J. Morrow of
the general staff.

The association later will take up
the question of organizing similar
camps, also to be known as Camp
Roosevelt. First efforts will be given
to the Chicago R. O. T. C. camp, how-
ever. Col. Morrow stated the govern-
ment would establish and aid in the
support of camps for civilians more
than 16 years of age. Transportation
and expenses will be paid, but no pay-
granted.

AMERICAN LEGION NOTES

Insurance post 353 will give a luncheon
at the City club, 315 Plymouth court,
Tuesday, Aug. 17, at 12:15. The matter
of securing victory medals for the mem-
bers and the election of delegates to the
state convention will be taken up.

At the meeting of William McKinley
post No. 221 at Southwest Bank hall,
Thirty-fifth street and Archer avenue,
next Friday night at 8 o'clock delegates
to the state convention will be named.

Logan Square-Patria post No. 405 of-
ficials on Monday at the burial services
of Sgt. Jerome H. Zydron, 3860 North
Christianity avenue, at St. Adelbert's cem-
tery. Thirty former service men
marched in uniform from the home to St.
Francis church, Lawndale and Roscoe
streets, where a requiem high mass
was celebrated by Chaplain Father S. A.
Buback and Father F. Kulinski. Sgt.
Zydron was attached to Company K,
121st Infantry.

On last Friday the post officiated at
the funeral of Sgt. George A. Georgian,
who was buried from the home of his
brother, John L. Georgian, 1944 North
Ridgeway avenue, with interment at St.
Joseph's cemetery, River Grove.

The next regular meeting of Prairie
Signals post No. 277 will be at 120 Wash-
ington street at 8 p. m. Thursday, Aug.
13, when delegates to the state conven-
tion will be elected and application
blankets for victory medals will be fur-
nished to those who bring their discharge
papers.

Funeral services for Gilbert M. Corcoran
of the 108th field signal battalion,
who died on Sunday as a result of wounds
received in action, will be held this after-
noon at 2 o'clock at Masonic hall, 15
South Oakley boulevard. He was a mem-
ber of Prairie Signals post No. 277, which
will be in charge of the funeral.

CONGRESSMAN DYER RESCUED IN CHINA RIVER

[Copyright: 1930: By The Tribune Company.]

[By Special Cable.]

SHANGHAI, Aug. 10.—Congressman
Leonidas C. Dyer of St. Louis, a mem-
ber of the congressional party touring the
orient, narrowly escaped death yester-
day when he slipped and fell into the water
as he was boarding a boat at Hang-
chow, China.

Members of the boat's crew expe-
rienced considerable difficulty in
rescuing him, as he had injured himself
in falling and was unable to sustain him-
self in the water. When brought to
land it was found that he had severely
sprained his leg.

The congressman was taken to
Shanghai, where he received medical
attention. He will continue on his way
north.

KILLED BY ELEVATOR.

Charles Melinsky, 40 years old, of 3120
Love avenue, a janitor in the Michigan
boulevard building at 309 North Michigan
avenue, was crushed to death by an elevator
yesterday.

For Hair And Skin Health
Cuticura Is Supreme

Cuticura Soap cleanses, purifies and beautifies
the skin and complexion and tends
to promote and maintain skin purity, skin
comfort and skin health. It is used for every-
day toilet purposes. Cuticura Talcum
soothes and cools the skin and overcomes
heavy perspiration. Delicate, delightful,
disinfecting.

Sample Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Lab-
oratories, Dept. 517, Malden, Mass." Send for
free sample.

Cuticura Soap shaves without mess.

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Take a Victrola on your summer outings



Victrola IV, \$25
Oak



Victrola VI, \$35
Mahogany or oak

See and hear these portable styles
of the Victrola today at any Victor
dealer's. Then you'll appreciate the
pleasure they will give you

when you go camping
aboard your boat
at your bungalow
on your porch
out on the lawn

You can easily take them wherever
you want and have an open-air Victrola
concert at any time.

Any of these Victrolas will play
any of the more than 5000 records in
the Victor Record catalog. New
Victor Records demonstrated at all
dealers on the 1st of each month.



Victrola VIII, \$50
Oak



Victrola IX, \$75
Mahogany or oak

Victrola

REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

Victor Talking Machine Co.

Camden, New Jersey



"HIS MASTER'S VOICE"

This trademark and the trademark word
"Victrola" identify all our products. Look
under the lid! Look on the label!

VICTOR TALKING MACHINE CO.
Camden, N. J.

RESORTS—FOREIGN.

Ocean Travel.

Ocean Travel.

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RESORTS AND HOTELS

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RESORTS AND HOTELS

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SPORTS AND HOTELS
MISCELLANEOUS.
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EE AND RETURN
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50 ROUND TRIP
Week Days, Sun-
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\$2.00 tax extra
OPHER
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CHICAGO LOCAL
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OF THE WORLD.
Weeks' Vacation
National Parks
T ESCORTED TOURS
STONE and ESTES
NATIONAL PARKS
Colorado Springs, The West
Royal Gorge, Salt Lake City
the Famous Colorado Road
Every Saturday Evening
OUR SPECIAL TOURS
er and Yellowstone
National Parks
Aug. 14-23
write or telephone
can Express Co.
Travel Department
istic 8200 23 W. Monroe St.
LOWSTONE
TOURS LEAVE CHICAGO
PT 14, SEPTEMBER 14
HER ESCORTS EACH PARTY
URA 17 N. LaSalle, Franklin
WISCONSIN.
DISCONSIN DELLS
versions of all kinds at "The Dells"
PERSONAL SERVICE BUREAU
111 N. LaSalle, Wis.
ST LAKE RESORT
KEWASKUM, WIS.
rooms, fine building and bathing
rooms. Excellent home cooking.
WIMMER, P. O. Connelton, Wis.
RESORT Wisconsin
ch; Dancing; Boating; Fishing
hookers. P. O. ROSEN, Prop.
ILLA at THE DELLS
hotels, gayety, restaurants & more
the, reserved parking. Room \$11.00
Mrs. Jess G. Edwards, Resident
Hotel and Cottages
house" between Chicago and
stone Trail, \$3.50 to \$10.00
Engelbrecht, Prop.
ASSACHUSETTS.
HOTEL PURITAN
350 Commercial Street, Boston
The Distinctive
Boston House
One of the most home-
like in the world.
Our Booklet has Guide to
the Historic Boston. Send for it.
NEW JERSEY.
AMBASSADOR
City's Newest and Most
Distinctive Hotel
COLORADO.
Springs & Manitou
Peak Region. The Chamber of
Commerce, Colorado Springs
Minneapolis, Minn.
RAP CAMP
and lake fishing, and other
amusement. Send for it.
W. L. WILCOX, Prop.

PONZI REVEALS PHILOSOPHER'S STONE: 0+0=\$

Italian Shows Power of an Idea in Finance.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 10.—Charles Ponzi, who claims to have jumped from comparative poverty to a multimillion-dollar estate in a few months through dealings in international postal coupons, told members of the Kiwanis club, when he was a luncheon guest today, some of the steps in the process by which he claims to have increased his fortune.

Ponzi reiterated his claim that he was solvent and expressed confidence that this would be substantiated by the federal and state investigations now in progress and that he would be able to resume business in a few days.

He related how he had hired a small office, used his small capital in various business schemes, and then, with an international reply coupon always in front of him on his desk "began to do some thinking."

"I found out," he said, "that the postal coupons were being sold in foreign countries for the equivalent of 6 cents and could be converted into postal stamps. Then all I had to do was to figure how many nickels make a dollar."

"I got in touch with men—that's as far as I'll go—who were able to secure the large amounts of coupons in foreign countries. They bought them with my money and used them as collateral to be redeemed later.

"When conditions were right I offered to borrow money from the public. I offered 50 per cent in ninety days and would not promise to redeem in forty-five, though I thought that three weeks was about the right time to bank the money here, send it abroad, get the stamps and convert them into cash.

"Inquiries Start Early.

"I started the Securities Exchange company. I was everything from president to office boy. The second day after I opened a gentleman from the chamber of commerce came to my office to investigate. He was convinced that my scheme was possible.

"Then a postoffice inspector came. I asked him if it was legal to buy an international reply coupon abroad and change it to stamps. He said, 'Yes.' I asked him if it was legal to redeem millions of the coupons, and he said, 'No.' He would have to decide whether they were stolen or where they came from.

"However, I decided that if I redeemed the stamps in the United States the federal government might decide that it came within its jurisdiction, though there was no federal statute law against it. But the experience was the same in Switzerland, and Norway and some other countries. So I decided to redeem them there."

Others Keep Their Secrets.

When one in the audience asked why the postal authorities had been unable to find any evidence of such large dealings in reply coupons, Ponzi replied that foreign governments realized a profit on the issue of these postal certificates, and "are not going to disclose to other governments how many coupons they have issued."

"And the International Postal union is not going to do it," he added.

Asked if foreign governments had stopped this, he replied:

"Yes, they are stopping it—they have stopped the sale of coupons for public use. But that doesn't stop my business. My money is in Europe today, even if it is not here."

Everybody Makes a Profit.

In the transactions in coupons, he stated, nobody suffers a loss.

"I buy today," he said, "a dollar's worth of Italian exchange. At the current rate I get 15 lire. I would have 8 under normal exchange. With the 15 lire I buy sixty international reply coupons. These coupons can be changed for \$3 in American money."

He maintained that no government was hurt, because transactions between governments may be delayed until exchange is normal, and pointed out that there has been delay in the payment of interest on American loans to the allies.

William S. McNary, vice president of the Hanover Trust company, said that Ponzi's account with his bank had been only slightly overdrawn and that the bank was fully protected.

VILLA HASN'T AN ENEMY ON EARTH EXCEPT GRINGOS

Says He'll Gladly Die Fighting Invasion.

San Pedro de las Colonias, Coahuila, Aug. 10.—[Special.]—"Beloved brethren, I am not a bandit. I am a revolutionist who joyfully fought the hated gringo, because he alone is responsible for our present condition." Pancho Villa twirled his mustachios as he swaggered about the plaza at Cuatro Siengas, this state, before starting for this city to surrender to the De la Huerta government. His audience cheered his words. He continued:

"Never again shall I fight my countrymen. I swear it by my sacred country. But I shall fight to the death if the despised Yankees ever invade my dear soil."

Cognac Loosens His Tongue.

More than thirty years of banditry ended today so far as Pancho Villa's words are to be believed. The rebel, with a handful of heavily armed retainers, rode to a point five miles from here this morning, where met a group of federal officers headed by Gen. Bugas Martinez, to whom Villa had promised to surrender.

A moment or two of nervous tension, then Martinez handed the middle aged rebel—he is 48 years old—a bottle of cognac. Villa smelled it to see if it contained poison, then tilted it skyward. After a couple of husky swallows, he wiped his mouth, laughed, handed the bottle to a federal officer and began to talk.

Rawls Out Gen. Escobar.

"Felipe Angeles was the best general in Mexico," he said, catching sight of Gen. Gonzalo Escobar, who sat on the Chihuahua court-martial which condemned Angeles to death. "Furthermore, he was my friend, and I despise the man who murdered him."

He stared belligerently at Escobar, who shifted his eyes and kept silent. Turning to an American correspondent, Villa extended his hand, and said:

"I am willing, now, to shake hands with all my enemies, even a gringo."

The crowd laughed loudly at the American.

PHONE GIRL VANISHES SECOND TIME; FOLKS SUSPECT ELOPEMENT

North Dakotans' Patience Wanes.

BY ARTHUR M. EVANS.

Wahpeton, N. D., Aug. 10.—[Special.]—Failure to deliver "the goods" on its state socialism program and bickering within the inner circle seem to be the chief reasons the Nonpartisan league is loosening its clutch in North Dakota.

The millennium it promised still is a dream, and in the more thickly settled communities where arguments can be pumped home, the farmers give signs of a growing skepticism as to the league's ability as an economic manager.

For one thing—and this always is important as an influence on sentiment

Catherine Pack, 23 year old telephone operator, has disappeared from her home at 7454 Parnell avenue for the second time and the police believe she has eloped.

She first left about July 25. She returned home Aug. 1 in company with a man who said he was Hugh Houston of 3223 Parkway avenue. They went to church with her parents. Catherine then packed her suit case and left without notifying her parents.

They have since been unable to obtain trace of her. Houston has also vanished. She had a girl friend in Boston and the police will seek her there.

COURT THROWS OUT WEEGHMAN RECEIVER PLEA

Charles Weeghman & Co., owner of a chain of restaurants, is solvent. There is no need for a receiver. This was the decision of Judge Kichham Scanlan yesterday after hearing a receivership petition filed by attorneys representing two creditors, Case & Martin and the Security Flour company. They claimed the action was necessary to insure payment of debts totaling near \$7,000.

Weeghman's attorneys explained that all creditors except these two were willing to give him a chance to show his solvency and that the bills in question were only thirty days old.

Judge Scanlan immediately threw the case out of court. He attacked the action brought by the two creditors, saying it was a "firebrand—sufficient to wreck any solvent concern."

MILLENNIUM ON SIDETRACK AND TOWNLEY LOSES

State Industries Slow.

Again, the state industries, which formed the league's great panacea, are extremely slow in materializing, and at that some of them seem to contain a nip too much of paragonia. For instance, the state got an experimental mill at Drake, and the league afterward with a great blare of trumpets trumpeted the news it paid the farmer a time or so more a bushel for his wheat and charged him 10 cents or so less for his flour than private enterprises and at the end of the season had made a neat profit.

The independents countered on this by producing figures to show that in actuality a loss instead of a saving had been registered. From Fargo the anti-Townleyites are spreading the word that the flour from the Drake mill was sold for 70 cents a hundred pound sack more than the private mills charged.

As to the State Bank of North Dakota, nobody on the outside knows how its affairs are progressing. It is a law unto itself. It is such a secretly run establishment that no real publicity has been able to be thrown upon its operations. The bank had to borrow a million in Chicago some ten days ago. What the anti-Townleyites seek to know is what loans have been made and how the bank actually stands, and this is the aim of an act they are seeking through the initiative next election.

One chief trouble the league has met with is that in these days it cannot sell the state's bonds at 4 per cent.

State as Home Builder.

Then there was the housing act—the state could build homes for poor people not to exceed \$5,000. The "anti" have been placarding the state with word that last year the state managed to build one \$5,000 bungalow, and the overhead cost for running the department which supervised its building came to \$20,000.

This year the state will build probably a dozen, at a cost estimated by the independents at \$3,000 to \$10,000. These are some of the things which the anti-Townleyites developed during the spring campaign, and the way in which the argument bit into the farmers is seen in the large vote registered against the league in the more populous regions, such as the Red River valley.

THE FIFTH AVENUE BUILDING

is managed with a degree of efficiency equal to that of the most famous hostleries of America. Every reasonable request of our tenants is quickly gratified—and every need provided for.

Broadway and Fifth Avenue
at Madison Square
New York

First Trust and Savings Bank

Capital and Surplus \$11,750,000

James B. Forgan, Chairman of the Board
Melvin A. Taylor, President

Over Fifty-eight Million Dollars

in Savings Deposits are entrusted to this Bank by more than 113,000 depositors.

New accounts are opened every business day, and are assured the same friendly, helpful service, the same safety and the same conveniences that have made this Bank the depository of the savings of so many people.

The stock of this bank is owned by the stockholders of the First National Bank of Chicago

Dearborn at Monroe - Chicago,
First Trust and Savings Bank

Beachey & Lawlor SHIRT SALE

An event awaited with keen interest by the men of Chicago. These finely tailored shirts famous for their durability and distinction; \$4.00 and \$4.50 values,

\$2.95

Cord and imported Madras; \$5, \$5.50 and \$6 shirts, now **\$3.65**

Silk fibre and imported silk stripe Madras; \$6.50, \$7, \$7.50 and \$8 shirts, now **\$4.85**

A large variety of the finer quality silk shirts that were \$14 and \$15, now **\$8.65**

\$1.50 and \$2 Scarves Now \$1

BEACHEY & LAWLOR

Clothiers, Hatters, Furnishers
DEARBORN AND MONROE STREETS



More wear
more style
less cost, in
Hart Schaffner
& Marx
all-wool clothes


This store is the home of
Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes
Satisfaction—or money back

Maurice L Rothschild

Southwest Corner Jackson and State

BRAVES AND REDS SHARE TWIN BILL OF RAPID ACTION

Wm. A. Verhaegh & Co., Chicago
DISTRIBUTORS

[illegible]

**IS BOXING WANTED?
2,000 FANS PRESENT
AT VINCENNES A. STAG**

When a small athletic club, an organization of 450 members, stages a stag with boxing as a feature and packs in nearly 2,000 fans in a way that would drive a hardline box to shame, it is evident that there is a strong interest in the

The Vincennes Athletic club, located at 3516 Ellis avenue, held three six round bouts and two of four rounds for its members and their friends.

members last night, in order that these boys might have somewhere to go to be entertained. It was in existence before the war, but the war depleted its ranks and from an organization of nearly 700 members it dwindled to a club of less than half that number. Something had to be done so a month or so ago there was a reorganization, and

The club holds bouts every two weeks, the membership fee, exacted being \$1 and \$2, plus war tax. At the last stag, held Monday night, which drew the sardine crowd, five bouts were held, the referees being Mike Bartley and Charles Burns. Harry

Hartnell and Spike Kelly boxed a draw, six rounds; Frank Schaffer beat Sam Stearns, six rounds; Joe Berger beat Charles Glaser, six rounds; Johnnie Pappas beat Patsy West, four rounds; Kid Arnold and Sandy Driscoll, draw, four rounds.

Dempsey to Watch Two

Sams at East Chicago

Jack Dempsey will be an interesting spectator at the Sam Langford-Sam McVey match in East Chicago Saturday afternoon. Dempsey gets in from New York Friday.

Mason Scores Knockout

on McGovern in Sixth

Lexington, Ky., Aug. 10.—Frankie Mason, Fort Wayne, Ind., claimant of the flyweight championship title, knocked out Artie McGovern, Louisville flyweight, in the sixth round of a scheduled twelve round bout tonight.

Crest
Shiny

*At all good
dealers*



GOSHEN SHIRT MFG. CO.

ZEL WOOD

ZELWOOD
A comfortable collar
for summer wear



EARL & WILSON

9

Enjoin Gallia from Play with Any Team but Phils

Franklin, Pa., Aug. 10.—Injunction papers were served today upon Melvin Albert Gallia, former Philadelphia National pitcher, who jumped to the Franklin Independents, to restrain him from playing with any other club than Philadelphia.



LIFE

Indeed a pleasure to
size that for every
you invest in a **Grest**
you are getting a con-
measure more in
style and shirt satis-

Crest

Shirts

EARL & WILSON
Troy, N.Y.
makers of
Collars & Shirts

Mitchell Lewis' John Pike Is a Man to Reckon With

"THE MUTINY."
Produced by Metro Pictures.
Directed by Edward S. Ross.
Presented at the Rose.

The Cast.
John Pike..... Mitchell Lewis
Margaret West..... Helen Ferguson
Andrew Mellaire..... Noah B. Berry Jr.
Dick Somers..... Canon Ferguson
Snooty Jenkins..... William V. More
Crimp Sherman..... Sidney D'Albrook
Capt. Nathaniel Somers..... Norval McGregor
Jason West..... P. Lockney
Patch, the dog..... Patch

By Mae Tine.

If I should die before I wake all I hope is that there'll be somebody like John Pike to look after the ones I leave behind me. There was an able man! One who could wash their mouths out, dress 'em down, coddle 'em up, and make them walk the chalk line, giving no offense and with no offense intended.

Such a guardian was John Pike over the only son of the man who had been his benefactor.

The picture is an adaptation from a story by Jack London, and, heralded as such, is drawing large audiences in which the male element predominates. The London stories always went big with the men. The London pictures now lure them. And "The Mutiny" is quite a picture.

Most of the action takes place at sea on board the good ship *Elmore*, commanded after the death of her captain by John Pike, who knows his business and his crew exceedingly well. He also knows he loves the daughter of the mate; but knowing equally well that she loves the son he's looking out for, gives way to his grand passion only to the extent of carrying the little lady's picture in his watch.

Through John Pike, mutiny is quelled, villains are brought to justice, a boy who's a bit of a coward develops into a regular fellow, and a girl with brown eyes is made happy.

That John Pike loses his life in his battle for and with others is the sad and real part of the picture.

Good photography, direction, and acting contribute their merit to the interesting story. I enjoyed "The Mutiny" and think that you will also.

THE ARMY WORM

BY FRANK RIDGWAY.

Farmers have begun to think that all the pests of the insect world have been turned loose in their fields to eat up this summer's crops. This is hunting season and picnic time for the bugs, and the pluckers are now holding their feasts. The army worm, along with the chinch bugs, Hessian flies, and grasshoppers, are keeping the farmer busy.

The worms are infesting the grain in different parts of the corn belt. With the harvesting of the small grain crops the army worm is now making its way into nearby corn fields. In communities where sugar beets are grown they are cutting down the plants as fast as they can get to them. Farmers are constantly guarding their fields with dust barriers and poisoned bait.

The army worm can be effectively controlled if the work is started in time. Making a trench around the edge to form a "trap" is one of the best methods.

The trenches are made by plowing a shallow furrow around the field, throwing the dirt toward the worms. A deep plowing is then made in the same furrow, throwing the dirt the same way. This provides an effective barrier against the progress of the worms. A deep furrow with a straight edge prevents the worms from climbing out into the field. Post holes dug along in the furrow make the trap more effective. The worms fall into the holes as they crawl along the furrow. Rolling and brush dragging will kill the worms that collect along the edge of fields.

Use bait for the worms in the field. Scatter about ten pounds of the following mixture on each acre: Twenty pounds bran, one pound paris green, six ground lemons, one quart of molasses, and two gallons of water.

Use bait for the worms in the field. Scatter about ten pounds of the following mixture on each acre: Twenty pounds bran, one pound paris green, six ground lemons, one quart of molasses, and two gallons of water.

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FASHION'S BLUE BOOK



BY CORINNE LOWE.

NEW YORK.—Special Correspondence.—Pongee, you call to the steeds of fashion. I never has this fabric more popular for both suits and frocks than during the present summer. Whether we are plan-

ning to spend August by the sea, or on hot city streets, the pongee is an equally valuable suggestion for warm weather. In the cape-suit shown today, we find a number of new ideas regarding pongee. Instead of being trimmed with contrasting color or material, this suit resists every outside influence save the big black satin covered buttons on the collar of the cape. And surely natural colored pongee needs no other trimming than the ruffles of self material found on sleeves, snug coats, cape and the five panels of the skirt—particularly if the skirt itself be accented plaited and if the cape admits a center section of plaiting.

TRIBUNE COOK BOOK

BY JANE EDDINGTON.

Frozen Tapioca Pudding.

In dog days weather, and when the berries are no longer abundant or even present in the market, the ices and ice creams should have their day, or every day for that matter if we can make a variety. Most people are in summer like the autocrat at the breakfast table who thought "cold victuals nice" and preferred vanilla ice.

Tapioca cream pudding is often chilled only and served with whipped cream, but when it is well chilled we may whip it into the ice cream freezer, and get a vanilla ice. It is nice.

Wet two tablespoons of granulated tapioca in a little milk, then add the rest of a pint from which this bit was taken, and half a cup of sugar. Put over fire and stir constantly and cook for fifteen minutes.

When taken from the fire stir in one well beaten egg. Cool a bit, and add one teaspoon of vanilla. A piece of vanilla bean might have been cooked with the milk and tapioca, rinsed off and put, while damp, with some sugar to make vanilla sugar for flavoring ices. This does not darken an icing. Let the mixture get thoroughly cool before putting it in the freezer, and let it chill well before beginning to turn the crank. When it is nearly frozen add anywhere from two tablespoons of cream to half a cup or more, well whipped, and finish freezing.

In doubling this recipe separate whites and yolks of eggs, cook the well beaten yolks for a minute or so, and fold in the beaten whites after the mixture is taken from the fire.

PATTERNS BY CLOTHIDE



9698

BEAUTY ANSWERS

BY ANTOINETTE DONNELLY.

MRS. J.: THE NUMBER OF PEOPLE allowed to grow up handicapped by harsh, hasty, slurred, disagreeable speech and voice is amazing. A refined, melodious voice is a distinct advantage to a grown up. The best way to teach a child is to let her hear only distinct and refined speech. Children are imitators.

GRANDPA: NOW, GRANDPA, I suspect you of being humorously inclined! I'll wager you haven't got a beard. But you'll have to ask me something harder than that, because I can give some very good tips on how to raise baby whiskers to a useful old crumb tray age. Send me a picture of the whiskers, first, grandpoo.

A FRIEND IN NEED

BY SALLY JOY BROWN.

I want to be the medium through which the friend in need and the friend to be helped may be brought together. It may be you own some discarded articles which you would gladly give if it were not for the fact that you are too busy to do so. Write to me at the address below. I will be glad to act as a medium through which you may be of service to you. When information is wanted by mail a stamped address envelope should accompany the request. Please do not send money to the Tribune, but write for the only to the Tribune, and send direct address of the applicant and send direct.

Interested in Automobiles.

"I am a boy 15 years of age, and I am interested in automobiles. I expect to be an automobile mechanic some day. Do you think some one among your readers would have books on automobile repairing that I could have?" JOSEPH W.

Some automobile mechanic may have some books for this young hopeful. His address will be sent upon request.

Has No Clothes for School.

"I am writing to ask for clothing. size about 38, and shoes, No. 5C, to help a girl so she can go to high school. She can make things over and would be grateful for any clothing, underwear or stockings. Mrs. A. G." I have no doubt but what the kindness will be shown your young friend. I sincerely hope so.

Cut Down the Sugar Bill

by eating a cereal that contains its own sugar self-developed from grain in making—

Grape-Nuts

As a breakfast or luncheon cereal with cream or milk; or sprinkled over fresh fruit or berries, Grape-Nuts adds to the meal's pleasure—and is economical.

Buy from your grocer.

The New Hats for Early Autumn

Featuring the first importations and the advance creations of the Blackstone Shop designers

Blackstone
Gowns
Millinery
Furs
B. Stanley Korshak, President

628-630 SOUTH MICHIGAN BOULEVARD

MOTION PICTURE DIRECTORY

DOWNTOWN	DOWNTOWN	DOWNTOWN	NORTH	NORTH	SOUTH	WEST
Playhouse Now Playing Two Performances Daily— 2:30 and 8:30 All Seats \$1.00—Seats One Week in Advance BASIL KING'S POWERFUL PHOTO-DRAMA OF THE UNSEEN WORLD Earthbound Produced by GOLDWYN Pictures Corp. A REMARKABLE LIFTING OF THE VEIL THAT STANDS BETWEEN THIS WORLD AND THE NEXT Now Playing La Salle Theater MADISON & CLARK The Devil's Passkey An amazing picture of life and love and woman's vanity in Paris. Admission MATINEES & EVENINGS 25c and 50c	BARBERS REFRESHINGLY COOL LOOPI THEATRE "THE REVENGE OF TARZAN The Latest Tarzan Sensation Orchestra Hall Now! CONTINUOUS Non to 11 p. m. COSMOPOLITAN PRODUCTION Humoresque A Paramount Picture BOSTON 21 NORTH CLARK ST. The Most Famous Photograph of the Year MARSHALL NEILAN PRESENTS A Sensational Mystery Melodrama "GO AND GET IT" Last from suspense to surprise thousands of feet above ground— from a thrilling lighting scene—jump from suspense to a thrilling action—daring flight in specimens THE RIGHT TO LOVE A Paramount Picture With MAE MURRAY and DAVID POWELL —Coming Sunday— Fatty Arbuckle "THE ROUNDUP" Temperature Never Above 70 Degrees	ORCHESTRA HALL Now! CONTINUOUS Non to 11 p. m. COSMOPOLITAN PRODUCTION Humoresque A Paramount Picture BOSTON 21 NORTH CLARK ST. The Most Famous Photograph of the Year MARSHALL NEILAN PRESENTS A Sensational Mystery Melodrama "GO AND GET IT" Last from suspense to surprise thousands of feet above ground— from a thrilling lighting scene—jump from suspense to a thrilling action—daring flight in specimens THE RIGHT TO LOVE A Paramount Picture With MAE MURRAY and DAVID POWELL —Coming Sunday— Fatty Arbuckle "THE ROUNDUP" Temperature Never Above 70 Degrees	RIVIERA MARY PICKFORD "SUDS" CHATEAU MABEL NORMAND "The Slim Princess" HOWARD ROBERT WARWICK and BEBE DANIELS "The 14th Man" BUCKINGHAM ROBERT WARWICK and BEBE DANIELS "The 14th Man" COVENT GARDEN MARY PICKFORD "SUDS" DE LUXE EDITH ROBERTS "ALIAS MISS DODD" LAKE SHORE EDITH ROBERTS "ALIAS MISS DODD" NEW KENMORE EDITH ROBERTS "ALIAS MISS DODD" ARGMORE EDITH ROBERTS "ALIAS MISS DODD" KEYSTONE EDITH ROBERTS "ALIAS MISS DODD" PANORAMA EDITH ROBERTS "ALIAS MISS DODD" ASCHER BROS. EDITH ROBERTS "ALIAS MISS DODD" CHATEAU MABEL NORMAND "The Slim Princess" ADELPHI MARY PICKFORD "SUDS" CALO MARY PICKFORD "SUDS" LANE COURT MARY PICKFORD "SUDS" TERMINAL MARY PICKFORD "SUDS"	PANTHEON ETHEL CLAYTON "CROOKED STREETS" LA SALLE ETHEL CLAYTON "CROOKED STREETS" SOUTH JACKSON PARK ALICE LAKE "The Misfit Wife" MICHIGAN ETHEL CLAYTON "CROOKED STREETS" PEOPLES MAC LEAN & MAY "LET'S BE FASHIONABLE" SCHOENSTADT'S BOULEVARD MABEL NORMAND "THE SLIM PRINCESS" KIMBARK CONWAY TEARLE "ATONEMENT" 20TH CENTURY GEORGES CARPENTIER "THE WONDER MAN" LINDEN VERNON HYDE PARK "THE WONDER MAN" ASCHER BROS. COLUMBUS COSMOPOLITAN FROLIC KENWOOD METROPOLITAN OAKLAND SO. PEERLESS	WOODLAWN MABEL NORMAND "THE SLIM PRINCESS" VISTA WALLACE REID and BEBE DANIELS "The Dancin' Fool" HARPER WILL ROGERS "JES CALL ME JIM" LEXINGTON "MAN AND HIS WOMAN" NEW PARK DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS "THE MISCIT WIFE" DREXEL SHAKESPEARE SHADANE TRAVERS NEW PRESIDENT BROADWAY STRAND NORMA TALMADGE MADLIN MAC LEAN & MAY "LET'S BE FASHIONABLE" LUBLINER & TRINZ PARAMOUNT WILSON WEST END MADISON SQUARE CRAWFORD	CENTRAL PARK Norma Talmadge "YES OR NO" HAMLIN THEA BAR "Cleopatra" KEDZIE ANNEX DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS "THE MOLLYCODOLE" MARSHALL SQUARE "THE FIGHTING CHANCE" GOLD "THE SILVER HORDE" ASHLAND ASHLAND NORTHWEST CRYSTAL "PARLOR, BEDROOM & BATH" IRVING D. W. GRIFFITH'S "THE IDOL DANCER" NEW STRAND Bryant Washburn KARLOV IRVING PARK ASCHER BROS. CROWN MILFORD ROSEWOOD OAK PARK Sessue Hayakawa "LI TING LANG" FOREST PARK ASCHER BROS. FOREST PARK NORMA TALMADGE in "YES OR NO" AUSTIN PLAISANCE Robt. Warwick & Bebe Daniels in "THE FOURTEENTH MAN"

The Pearl Shop
Bracelets and Beads
FREDERIC'S displays of these two articles of jewelry so necessary for the fashionably dressed woman contain many designs and color combinations of striking beauty and individuality.
Flexible Bracelets, set with stones and brilliants—\$5 to \$15.
Colored Bangles—\$1 to \$5.
Solid Bead Necklaces, all colors—\$1 to \$25.
With metal motives, \$3 to \$20.
Frederic's
Jewelry of Classic Jewelry
Eleven East Washington Street
New York Chicago

CASTLE STATE AT MADISON
Chicago's Foremost Photoplay House
SECOND BIG WEEK
Only Theatre in Chicago Showing
CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG
in the greatest production of the season
"FOR THE SOUL OF RAFAEL"
A Dramatic Love Story of Southern California
8:30 A. M.—Continues—12:30 A. M.

JONES, LINICK & SCHAEFER'S ORPHEUM
State St. Monroe
EXCLUSIVE CHICAGO SHOWING
MAURICE TOURNEUR'S
"The White Circle"
A PARAMOUNT SPECIAL FEATURE
Temperature Never Above 70 Degrees

STATE LAKE
DEPHEM GROUP PHOTOPLAYS
EXCLUSIVE SHOWING
OLIVE THOMAS
in "DARLING MARY"
Showing at 11:15 A. M. and 8:30, 9:30, 10:30 P. M.

CASINO
88 WEST MADISON ST.
NOW PLAYING
"Shipwrecked Among Cannibals"

ZIEGFELD
BLACKSTONE HOTEL
MARSHALL NEILAN Presentation
"THE COUNTRY THAT GOD FORGOT"
CONTINUOUS 12:30 TO 11:30 P. M. and 50c

ALCAZAR
A Screen Play Extraordinary
ALL STAR CAST
in
"The Law of The Yukon"
ROSE
MADISON HEAD GEAR
JACK LONDON'S
Greatest Story
"THE MUTINY OF ELSINORE"

BUGG
LINCOLN & D. ROBEY
1111 W. 11th St.
"RIDERS OF THE DAWN"
Special
DEARBORN DIVISION AT DEARBORN
ALICE BRADY
in "A DARK LANTERN"
REGENT
6748 SHERIDAN ROAD
MARGARITA FISHER
in "THE WEEK END"
LUBLINER & TRINZ
AMUSEMENT CENTERS
VITAGRAPH
MABEL NORMAND—"The Slim Princess"
BIOGRAPH
BLANCHE SWARTZ—"The Girl in the Web"
KNICKERBOCKER
MARY PICKFORD
in "SUDS"
PERSHING
Lincoln & Wilson
MARY PICKFORD
in "SUDS"
LAKESIDE
4730 Sheridan
ALICE LAKE—"The Misty Wife"
ELLANTIE
GEORGES CARPENTIER, "The Wonder Man"

ASCHER BROS.
CHATEAU
MABEL NORMAND—"The Slim Princess"
ADELPHI
MABEL NORMAND—"The Slim Princess"
CALO
MABEL NORMAND—"The Slim Princess"
LANE COURT
MABEL NORMAND—"The Slim Princess"
TERMINAL
MABEL NORMAND—"The Slim Princess"

ASCHER BROS.
COLUMBUS
D. W. GRIFFITH—"THE IDOL DANCER"
COSMOPOLITAN
MABEL NORMAND—"The Slim Princess"
FROLIC
MABEL NORMAND—"The Slim Princess"
KENWOOD
HARRY T. MOREY—"The Gaudy"
METROPOLITAN
MABEL NORMAND—"The Slim Princess"
OAKLAND SO.
MABEL NORMAND—"The Slim Princess"
PEERLESS
MABEL NORMAND—"The Slim Princess"

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SOCIETY and Entertainments

Golf Luncheons

Chief Diversion of Lake Forest Society

Even Lake Forest, which usually is the center of what little gaiety there is at this time of the season, has succumbed to the deadly summer dullness, and there is little doing socially in that smart town. All the women interested in golf, however, meet at Onwentaia on Tuesdays for the golf luncheons. Yesterday Miss Jane Morton won the double match and Miss Edith Cummings and Mrs. Mason Phelps tied for second score in the eighteen hole play. The other players were Mrs. Oscar W. Johnson, Mrs. Earle H. Reynolds, Mrs. Mark Cummings, Mrs. Stanley Keith, Mrs. James O. Hinckley, Mrs. Donald B. Douglas, Mrs. Vaughan, Mrs. Frederick D. Wacker, Mrs. Charles F. Farwell Winston, Mrs. Charles B. Brown Jr. and Mrs. George D. McLaughlin.

Many of the north shore residents and also a number of people from the city will be attending the luncheons, which are given by the board of directors of the Arden Shore association. At 2:30 o'clock a pageant will be given by the children of the company, and one who is interested in invited players will meet cars and train. On the board are Mrs. Thomas E. Donnelly, Mrs. Carl B. Laibman, Mrs. George McLaughlin, Mrs. Philip S. Grant, Mrs. John W. Scott, Mrs. O. B. Reynolds, Mrs. William E. Cline and Mrs. J. S. Ball Jr.

The members of the Lake Geneva club will meet today at 2:30 o'clock at Grass lake to see the lotus in bloom.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Brayton Slade of 1243 North State parkway will leave for the city this week for Mackinac Island, where they will visit Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Street of 1429 Astor street. They will return by way of Minneapolis, Wis., where they will spend some time at a summer camp.

Mrs. Finley Barrell of Lake Forest will sail for Europe on Aug. 28. She will spend about two months in England and France.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph M. Cuddey of Lake Forest, accompanied by Mr. Cuddey's sister, the Misses Mary and Anne Cuddey, left the city yesterday for New York, where they will make several motor trips on Long Island before returning early in September. They will spend some time at Southampton, where there is quite a colony of Chicagoans.

Howard Linn of 55 Cedar street and J. J. Whigham of New York will sail tomorrow to join Mrs. Linn and Mrs. Whigham in Paris. They will return to America the early part of November.

Mrs. Francis C. Farwell of Lake Forest has returned from Black Point, Ont., where she passed several weeks with her sister, Mrs. Gamble Rogers. Mrs. Charles H. Besly and Miss Helen Besly of Hinsdale have left their summer home in Colorado, for a tour through the state. They will return to Chicago the latter part of September.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Hartwell Lyford, who have been visiting their daughter, Mrs. Edwin B. Boyd, in Scotland, will sail for New York on Saturday. They will come to Chicago next week and spend some time at the latter part of the summer.

Mrs. Chas. B. Blair of 2162 Pine avenue will return the latter part of September from the east, where she is spending the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard T. Fox of Madison, Wis., are the guests of Mrs. Fred Stephenson of Winnetka, Mich., at Coleman Lake, Winnetka County, where they will spend the summer. Mrs. Fox and her children of New York arrived in Lake Geneva yesterday to visit Mrs. Fox's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin A. Potter.

Named Rotary Club Director.
At a meeting of the Rotary Club of Chicago held at Hotel Sherman Tuesday, James T. Anderson of George A. Mott & Son was nominated with respect to fill the vacancy on the board of directors, occasioned by the resignation of E. J. Phillips, who was recently elected vice president.



MISS ELAINE ROSENTHAL.

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Miss Elaine Rosenthal, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Rubly of 811 Diversey parkway, to Frank J. Weber of Chicago.

CHICAGO PIONEERS CELEBRATE FIFTIETH WEDDING ANNIVERSARY

The secretary of agriculture and Mrs. Meredith, who went to Dayton to attend the notification ceremonies for Gov. Cox, have returned to their apartment on Massachusetts avenue. Mr. and Mrs. Earle Butler of Des Moines, who arrived last week for a visit with the secretary and Mrs. Meredith, are still their guests and a number of informal events have been planned in their honor.

One of Chicago's pioneer couples celebrated their golden wedding anniversary on Monday. They are Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gescheide. They were married here in 1876 and have lived here ever since.

Many old settlers attended the celebration, which was held at the home of a daughter at 624 Roscoe street. Mr. and Mrs. Gescheide have been engaged in the florist and school supply business for thirty-five years. Their home and business were destroyed in the Chicago fire.

They have four children living, nine grandchildren, and one great-grandchild.

NEW YORK SOCIETY
New York, Aug. 10. [Special.]—Mr. and Mrs. George Gordon Battle, who have been traveling for two months in California and also the Canadian Rockies, have returned to New York, and are leaving immediately for their farm in Virginia.

Miss Margaret Longfellow Strong, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Strong of 129 Grand street, and Almus Pratt Evans of 129 Grand street, will be married next Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. William Goadby Low gave a large luncheon party this afternoon at their villa in honor of the Newport tennis players, and Mr. and Mrs. James Stewart Cushman will give a dance for them following the dinner.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Sellman have the Count De Perigny and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Richard as their guests at Shorelands, their country place in Elberon, N. J.

Rosenthal's Boat with Daughter at Wheel Hits Rocks

Fisher's Island, N. Y., Aug. 10. [Special.]—Miss Elaine Rosenthal, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Rubly of Chicago, was at the helm of their house boat, named after her, when the boat ran aground on a rock off this island shortly before midnight. Members of the 13th U. S. Infantry from Fort Wright went to the rescue in a small boat taking the party to the fort. Later a government tug towed the house boat off the rocks, the Rosenthal party returned to it and it steamed back to the hotel wharf. Miss Rosenthal has won several golf championships. Her father is a director of several Chicago corporations.

Circus Opens Aug. 12; Arrives Tomorrow

Jay Rial, who is paid for saying nice things about the Ringling Brothers Barnum & Bailey circus, prophesies that tonight will show an attitude of added deference towards father. He asserts that the table talk will be of elephants and bareback riders, and trapeze ladies and things.

He bases his prognostication on the fact that tomorrow morning five trains will roll into Chicago and deposit five trainloads of circus in Grant park, foot of Van Buren street. Thursday afternoon, he further affirms, will see the opening performance of "the greatest show on earth."

WASHINGTON SOCIETY

Washington, D. C., Aug. 10. [Special.]—Secretary of the Navy Daniels has returned from Hyde Park, N. Y., where he went to attend the Roosevelt notification ceremonies. Mrs. Daniels will leave tomorrow for Baltimore, N. C., where she will remain throughout the suffrage campaign.

The secretary of agriculture and Mrs. Meredith, who went to Dayton to attend the notification ceremonies for Gov. Cox, have returned to their apartment on Massachusetts avenue. Mr. and Mrs. Earle Butler of Des Moines, who arrived last week for a visit with the secretary and Mrs. Meredith, are still their guests and a number of informal events have been planned in their honor.

Mr. Albert G. Winterhalter of Washington, widow of Rear Admiral Winterhalter, who is visiting Capt. and Mrs. George Rock at the New York navy yard, will sail for France on Thursday to join the family of Rear Admiral Philip Anderson and will remain abroad indefinitely.

Voronoff Banquet Guest.
Prof. Serge Voronoff of Paris, discoverer of the system by which aged persons may be rejuvenated by the transplanting of monkey glands, was the guest at a banquet given him at the Blackstone hotel last night by 220 admirers. Dr. Max Thorek was toastmaster. Dr. Wagner chairman, and Judge Hugo Fann, Dr. Truman Brophy, and former Judge Charles N. Goodnow speakers. Prof. Voronoff, speaking in French, briefly described his monkey gland discovery.

Comes to Arrange for 'Aphrodite.'
Morris Gest is coming to Chicago today to make final preparations for the production of "Aphrodite." It is to open at the Auditorium on Saturday, Sept. 11, for a season of four weeks. The stage of the Auditorium is to be enlarged for the production.

Dry Your Eyes.
Dear Miss Blake: I know a certain young man about a year who has taken me out about five or six times. He made me admit that I loved him, when he told me he loved me. He works in the same building with me, but never asks to take me home; neither does he take me out. Do you think he truly loves me? How can I find out he is sincere?

Puzzled.
I am afraid not, Puzzled, and for that very reason you dry your eyes, and get them all ready to smile on and some other person worthy of your devotion.

EMBARRASSING MOMENTS
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ENGAGEMENTS
Mr. and Mrs. Frederick A. Bruce of 529 North Cuyler avenue announce the engagement of their daughter, Charlotte, to Maj. G. Des Forges of Milwaukee.

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Hits Rock in Fog

Miss Elaine Rosenthal, Who Was at Wheel When Father's Yacht Got Into Trouble.



MISS ELAINE ROSENTHAL.

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Miss Elaine Rosenthal, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Rubly of 811 Diversey parkway, to Frank J. Weber of Chicago.

CHICAGO PIONEERS CELEBRATE FIFTIETH WEDDING ANNIVERSARY
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One of Chicago's pioneer couples celebrated their golden wedding anniversary on Monday. They are Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gescheide. They were married here in 1876 and have lived here ever since.

Many old settlers attended the celebration, which was held at the home of a daughter at 624 Roscoe street. Mr. and Mrs. Gescheide have been engaged in the florist and school supply business for thirty-five years. Their home and business were destroyed in the Chicago fire.

They have four children living, nine grandchildren, and one great-grandchild.

NEW YORK SOCIETY
New York, Aug. 10. [Special.]—Mr. and Mrs. George Gordon Battle, who have been traveling for two months in California and also the Canadian Rockies, have returned to New York, and are leaving immediately for their farm in Virginia.

Miss Margaret Longfellow Strong, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Strong of 129 Grand street, and Almus Pratt Evans of 129 Grand street, will be married next Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. William Goadby Low gave a large luncheon party this afternoon at their villa in honor of the Newport tennis players, and Mr. and Mrs. James Stewart Cushman will give a dance for them following the dinner.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Sellman have the Count De Perigny and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Richard as their guests at Shorelands, their country place in Elberon, N. J.

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PICK M'KINLEY TO MAKE RACE FOR SENATOR

Thompson Foes Unite on Congressman.

William B. McKinley yesterday became the candidate for United States senator upon whom will be centered the support of the Republicans of Illinois who are determined that the Thompson-Lundin organization shall not secure control of state affairs. Edward D. Shurtliff, former speaker of the house of representatives at Springfield, withdrew from the senatorial contest, and his formal notice of such action is on its way to Springfield. This situation was definitely announced in a statement issued last night by Gov. Lowden as follows: "A largely attended conference of representative Republicans, including all of the candidates on the anti-Tammany ticket, met in Chicago on Monday to consider the senatorial situation. They were unanimous that there should be an agreement upon the senatorship among those Republicans who are opposed to Tammanyism in Illinois, who are concerned for the preservation of political independence and its constitutional government. They have agreed in asking Hon. E. D. Shurtliff to withdraw his candidacy in order to avoid a division of the forces, and that his supporters may join the others in a united and successful movement to nominate for senator William B. McKinley of Chicago."

"I have most reluctantly expressed to Mr. Shurtliff this request, and he has magnanimously agreed to comply therewith. The conference share my high regard for his public service, his talent and character. They wish him to express to him their gratitude and appreciation of his unselfish service."

Col. B. M. Chipfield of Canton refused to get out of the race. In a letter to Gov. Lowden he said: "On the Ogleby ticket I have a number of requests from the service men that I do not withdraw, saying that they will have no representation on either the Ogleby or Thompson state ticket if I do. Their requests accord with my own idea. Therefore I will submit my candidacy to the voters and abide the decision made at the primary."

Mayor E. N. Woodruff of Peoria, a tried candidate for governor, was in Chicago yesterday.

"I am not allied with any faction or clique," he said. "I am a candidate for governor on my own responsibility, and I expect to be nominated."

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"DEUCE" Tennis Star and Wife Who Wins Divorce.



MRS. R. H. BURDICK.



R. H. BURDICK.
(Copyright: Moffett.)

FIVE FROM ONE EVANSTON SHOP WEDIN6MONTHS

And Now Its Camera Click New Romance.

Spinsters and bachelors are warned to avoid Evanston on pain of matrimony. Whether it's leap year or the men, all concede the impulse there is irresistible. The paths of romance lead but to the knot.

Which brings us to the engagement announcement of Walter Ellsworth, formerly of Company K, 139th in a ntry, and Miss Ruth L. Brown, daughter of Mrs. Jessie E. Brown of 716 Clark street, Evanston. It was announced yesterday.

Miss Brown had been employed as a retoucher by J. D. Toloff, photographer, and this circumstance recalls another phase of the situation.

Within the last six months Mr. Toloff was hidden and had five employees, at least bound.

To begin with, he lost his most beautiful model, Miss Helen Weinberger. She was missed from the studio early last winter. Friends learned she had become Mrs. J. D. Toloff.

The next to wed was Eugene L. Ray, an assistant photographer. His bride was Mrs. Toloff's sister, Helen. Next came Irving Thain, a retoucher. He married Ruth Thain, Miss Rose Donn, studio model, became Mrs. Maurice Siegel.

Mrs. Merritt Craven, the studio manager, was considerably worried, and helped console Mr. Toloff until a few weeks ago, when she disappeared for a day and came back to announce her marriage.

At 12 o'clock the last moment for the withdrawal of petitions for combinations for state and county seats. Filed at Springfield yesterday were the withdrawals of Samuel M. Watkins, Republican, for governor; J. H. Hill, Republican, for senator in the Bloomington district; Jesse H. Watkins, Republican, for the house in the Fourth district, Chicago, and E. A. Gray, Democrat, for the house in the Second district.

Man Legally Dead Speeds
to Remarry His Widow

William Ziesenhenn, the legal man who seeks to return to life in the eyes of the law by remarrying his widow, boarded a fast train for Chicago yesterday. Within forty minutes after he had received a telegram from his wife's attorney, he was speeding westward. The message read:

"Come—Annie."

From the wife he had left twenty years ago in Cripple Creek, Colo.

Ziesenhenn, who, believing her husband dead, remarried, has four children. Her second husband died a year ago. Ziesenhenn has been married for thirteen years and must marry his own wife before he again can become the lawful father of his children.

TENNIS ROMANCE GOES TO DEUCE FROM LOVE-LOVE

Ralph Burdick's Wife Is Back in Singles.

A tennis romance which started out, as all games do, with a score of "love love," ended in a Reno, Nev., divorce court yesterday when Mrs. Margaret S. Burdick, wife of Ralph H. Burdick, well known net star of Chicago, was granted a decree.

While the judge was listening to Mrs. Burdick's tale of domestic infelicity, her former husband was playing in the Illinois state championship at the Chicago Tennis club in Kenmore. Though he lost his wife, Burdick won his match. He defeated Henry Raeder of Evanston, whom he met in the singles.

All Spent on Tennis.

Mrs. Burdick testified that ever since their marriage in September, 1912, her husband had spent all of his leisure time, as well as money on tennis. She said he earned \$25 a week and spent every penny of it on the game, while she was forced to support herself and defray the household expenses by conducting an artist's studio, which she sold prior to her departure for Reno.

Charles L. Johnston, one of the leading tennis players of the country, also is in Reno awaiting the hearing of his divorce suit. He appeared in all of the tournaments around Chicago last year. He and the Burdicks often were seen together. He gave card parties at which they and other tennis folk frequently were guests. He has not appeared in any of the local tournaments this year and his absence was commented upon.

Suit Not Contested.

Burdick did not contest his wife's suit, she was represented by counsel. He could not be reached last night. Recently he gave up his apartment at 2328 East Seventeenth place.

Burdick, known to his friends as "Bill," is at present associated with the western doubles championship for fifth time, having won the event at Cincinnati last month. Burdick won the Sherwood club's 1920 tournament and holds a lengthy list of laurels won in middle west tournaments. He is ranked thirty-third best player in the country, and in New York is ranked as Chicago's best player.

C. L. Johnston Jr. came from New York to Chicago to play in the tournament. He is a former champion of the United States and once cut a figure in tennis club society circles by his skillful play and hospitality at a number of little card and dancing parties. He is a member in all the prominent local tennis clubs, and at the end of the season was officially ranked the forty-third best player in the United States.

GIRL CRAZED BY HUSBAND'S LOSS, LAWYER CLAIMS

Mrs. Dorothy Dunn, who is suing the parents of her husband, Calvert Z. Dunn, who has left her, for \$50,000 for alienation of affections, is at the home of Mrs. Clara F. Hollenburgh at 4651 Madison avenue, seriously ill.

Her attorney in the alienation suit, John J. Byrne, her friends and relatives, declared she has gone insane.

Mr. and Mrs. Zephaniah Dunn, 4322 Grand boulevard, her husband's parents, refuse to believe this report. Efforts have been made to convince them that there is no trick in their daughter-in-law's illness, but in vain.

Meantime Calvert Dunn, the missing husband cannot be located. His parents profess ignorance as to where he is. Mrs. Dunn, it was learned last night, was beaten and robbed by holdup men six months ago at Forty-third street and Grand boulevard.

Bandits Hold Up Cleveland
Gem Store and Get \$30,000

Cleveland, O., Aug. 10.—Three bandits early today entered Sol Bergman's jewelry store, in the heart of the downtown section, shot and seriously wounded two employees, Frank Schuck and Jerome Suskin, looted the safe of jewelry and diamonds estimated at \$30,000 in value and escaped in an automobile.

Peace in Europe Before
Exchange Rates Change

The foreign exchange situation will not again become normal until practically all Europe has been readjusted, said Prof. Walter E. Lagerquist, director of the Northwestern university school of commerce, to members of the Rotary club of Chicago at their luncheon in the Hotel Sherman yesterday.

WHEN A FELLER NEEDS A FRIEND



BEG YOUR PARDON! M'GURK MURDER NEARS SOLUTION; FIVE MEN HELD

Through an error this Tribune yesterday published the photograph of Policeman Ernest S. Otto of Evanston as that of the Rev. John M. Dean.

REVENGE TRAIN MURDER MOTIVE, POLICE ASSERT

Police and railroad detectives searching for a unidentified Negro who late Monday night boarded a Pennsylvania Chicago-bound express train on the outskirts of the city and fatally wounded J. B. Todd, dining car steward, declared last night that the crime apparently was committed for revenge.

It was not thought likely, it was said, that the killer had intended to hold up Todd, take the money for the day's receipts, and escape, because the sum involved was too small to counterbalance the risk taken.

During the day the "black belt" was thoroughly searched by white and colored detectives. The only description of the slayer was that furnished by the dining car waiters who were witnesses of the killing. These said the man was a mulatto, tall, light skinned, and about 25 years old.

One man, S. J. Reeves, said that he thought he knew the Negro as a cook employed on the Illinois Central a few years ago. Records of that company recently subject of inquiry for having served on a corner's jury which acquitted Walter Quinlan of the charge of killing "Paddy the Bear" Ryan. Vallo was formally charged last night with being an accessory.

Moriarty Charged with Murder.

Moriarty was first taken as a suspect. A writ of habeas corpus led to the charge of murder being placed against him. Assistant State's Attorney John Owen told Judge Robert E. Crowe that he had positive information that Moriarty was implicated in the murder.

The capture of Linden and Vallo was spectacular, subject, Hughes, an automobile, with Sergts. Tapscott, Gasparik, Carter, Farrell, and O'Connor, were touring the west side when they noticed a machine seeking to get away from them. A chase at fifty miles an hour over a distance of five miles ensued before the machine was overtaken. Linden had been sought by the police after each pay roll holdup. Vallo is not believed to have participated in the McGurk case, but is thought to have known of it.

Identified by Women.

Mrs. Marie Zibosky and her daughter, Ida, are said to have positively picked out Linden, Kuansky, and Moriarty as the men they saw leaving the vinegar company office after the slaying. They live at 3400 West Forty-eighth street, above Moriarty and across the street from the murder scene.

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WILD, FIRST TO FLY IN CHICAGO, UNDER ARREST

Check Marked "N. S. F." Causes Trouble.

Capt. Horace B. Wild, former vice president of the International Aircraft company at 105 South La Salle street, and the first man to fly an airplane in Chicago, was arrested yesterday at Lincoln, Neb.

The complainant is Louis B. Quittman, proprietor of the Strand hotel, 6223 Cottage Grove avenue. He alleges that on June 1 he cashed a \$125 check for Wild and that it was a sergeant's uniform turned marked insufficient funds.

Gained Fame in 1912.

Wild first gained wide publicity in 1912 when he announced the purchase of a German dirigible. He served as field marshal of an airplane meet staged at Grant park the same year.

His arrest last night is not the first trouble Wild has had here. He was held by federal officers here in May of 1917, charged with misrepresenting himself as an officer of the government. He was alleged to have cut straps off of a sergeant's uniform and replaced them with a captain's insignia.

Company Is Bankrupt.

In August of 1917 the International Aircraft company was named in an involuntary petition for bankruptcy. Wild was reputed to be its guiding spirit.

During the war Wild served in the British aviation service and made a creditable record, it is said.

He branded the charge against him as "merely a mistake."

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COP, AFOOT, WINS AUTO DERBY IN HEART OF LOOP

Nabs Woman as Thief at End of Weird Chase.

State street's program of outdoor sports, enjoyed yesterday by hundreds of shoppers, was an unmitigated success, popular decisions in the main events being:

Miss Rose Stein won the hair-pulling contest from the two women detectives by several hands.

Mr. Cosgrove's trick filver lost the standing high jump to Traffic Policeman Elmer Buttnick, but achieved a glorious victory in the 300 yard dash (TRAFFIC Photo.) from Madison to Washington in ten seconds and a flat tire.

It is a sweetly solemn thought that if the filver had not backed out at an inopportune moment Traffic Policeman O. H. Voigt would have been denied the privilege of appearing in his black face comedian turn.

Heads Collide Head-on.

The day's festivities began in one of the department stores with a foot race between Miss Stein and the women detectives. They allege she took a silk dress without paying for it. She defiantly set out by the hair, yanked their heads, yanked out several strands, and—

Mr. Cosgrove's filver, door open, was waiting at the Madison street curb, she hopped in. Mr. Cosgrove gave it the gas and it began hopping in and out among the automobiles that jammed the world's busiest corner. It leaped north into State street.

Policeman Voigt pursued it at the best of the women detectives. He was being outdistanced when he commanded a truck. The truck became wedged behind a street car and the filver was about to escape at Washington when the truck popped out, and Policeman Buttnick so that he called upon Mr. Cosgrove to halt. Mr. Cosgrove was vain to hurdle Mr. Buttnick, but the latter jumped astraddle of the radiator.

More Complications.

About this time Mrs. Florence Ryan arrived to make it snappy. She says she is the daughter of Policeman John Voigt of the East Chicago at venue station, who lives at 2251 Montrose avenue. She declared vehemently:

"I saw it all. This man's not to blame. Neither the woman. They're persecuting her."

Mr. Buttnick didn't know what she was talking about until Mr. Voigt arrived on the truck. He explained. She escorted Mrs. Ryan, Miss Stein, and Mr. Cosgrove to the central station.

Mr. Cosgrove said he had never before seen Miss Stein. He was Joseph M. Cosgrove of Detroit and just driving past when she jumped in his car, he said. Mrs. Ryan said she lived at 1286 La Salle avenue.

Later, according to Detective Sergeant Lavin and Crowley, who conveyed her to the Hudson avenue detention home, she admitted she had taken the skirt.

Mr. Voigt was late for dinner. He had to be dry cleaned at the station. He refused a continuance when he went away on his honeymoon charges of signing forged government permits. He was refused a continuance when he was called yesterday. He then waived examination and declared his intention of leaving Chicago forever.

"I'm through with the law here," he said. "I'm going to Kentucky as soon as my case is cleared up and manufacture commercial alcohol."

Henry D. Laughlin, president; Alexander Irwin, vice president; Mrs. Teresa O'Connell, treasurer, and Miss Lottie A. Schultz, secretary of the Great Northern Hotel company, arrested several days ago on charges of conspiracy to violate the dry laws, were ordered released by Commissioner Mason. Six others arrested in connection with a raid made on the hotel were held to the grand jury.

West Park Board to
Hold On Until Replaced

Members of the west park board who recently were asked for their resignations by Gov. Lowden met in regular session yesterday. Outside of the meeting one of the members said the present board expect to retain their positions and to hold their regular meetings until they are replaced by the governor.

Husband Asks Wife to
Return to Sick Children

For the third time since April 30, William Wonders of Newton, Ia., has written to ask THE TRIBUNE'S aid in finding his wife, Mrs. Oia Wonders. Russ and Lloyd, two of the five children Mrs. Wonders left, are sick and crying for their mother.



BEER CATTLE AT HIGHEST MARKET SINCE JANUARY

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK

Prices on live stock at Chicago yesterday were:

HOGS	Prices
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00

CHICAGO CATTLE

CATTLE	Prices
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00

CHICAGO SHEEP AND LAMBS

SHEEP AND LAMBS	Prices
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00

CHICAGO PORK

PORK	Prices
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00

CHICAGO BUTTER

BUTTER	Prices
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
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CHICAGO EGGS

EGGS	Prices
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
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Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
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Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00

CHICAGO CORN

CORN	Prices
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
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Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
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CHICAGO WHEAT

WHEAT	Prices
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
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CHICAGO OATS

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Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
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Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00

CHICAGO RYE

RYE	Prices
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
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CHICAGO BARLEY

BARLEY	Prices
Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
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Butcher's	\$14.00 to \$15.00
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J. E. WHITE BUYS 212 ACRES FOR 3 SUBDIVISIONS

Details of deals by which John E. White, 119 North Clark street, has acquired 212 acres of northwest side land for three new subdivisions were revealed yesterday through the recording of ninety-three acres.

The principal section comprises 127 acres at North and Oak park avenues, purchased from Thomas A. Rutherford. This property is to be known as the second Rutherford Park addition and an extension of Kenilworth boulevard, Oak Park, will run through it.

Mr. White also has bought twenty acres at Addison street and Central avenue, the price of which is withheld, and sixty-five acres at Diversey and Central avenues. The former tract is to be known as Addison Gardens and has been divided into 655 lots, business as well as residential.

White streets with plenty of parking in the plan to be followed in all three subdivisions. Some of the streets are to be 225 feet wide and others 177 feet.

The John H. Gelhardt organization is to purchase the southeast corner of Kedzie avenue and Thirty-first street by the Mendelson Brothers' Paper Stock company, which for some time has been negotiating for the property.

Another sharp gain in cattle values carried better gains in hogs. Some fat steers looked as much as 60c higher, with the bulk 25c above Monday. Wilson & Co. purchased several head averaging 1,600 lbs. at \$17.40. Wilson's 1,650 lb. steers went to a butcher at \$12.60.

General depression featured the trade in hogs, the bulk of business being at a decline of 10c to 15c, with the practical top at \$16.10. A small lot reached \$16.25 and the general average at \$14.85, about 15c lower than Monday. About 9,000 were carried over.

A year ago this week hog prices advanced \$1.20 to \$1.30 the three days, but the last half of the week the average dropped from \$12.40 to \$11.80, the low point during first eight months of 1919.

Grade in sheep and lambs was brisk at steady to strong prices, with instances of \$10.00 to \$11.50, the low point during first eight months of 1919.

Seven western markets received 25,000 cattle, 62,000 hogs, and 60,000 sheep, against 41,000 cattle, 25,000 hogs, and 50,000 sheep previous Tuesday and 57,000 cattle, 43,000 hogs, and 36,000 sheep a year ago.

Receipts for today are estimated at 3,000 cattle, 18,000 hogs, and 20,000 sheep, against 9,500 cattle, 10,600 hogs, and 24,400 sheep at Chicago corresponding Wednesday year ago.

CHICAGO STOCK MOVEMENTS AT CHICAGO.
Receipts: Cattle, 3,000; hogs, 18,000; sheep, 20,000. Shipments: Cattle, 1,000; hogs, 10,000; sheep, 12,000.

CHICAGO BUTTER.
Receipts: 100,000 lbs. Shipments: 120,000 lbs. Price: \$14.00 to \$15.00.

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CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 11, 1920.

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Receipts: 100,000 lbs. Shipments: 120,000 lbs. Price: \$14.00 to \$15.00.

CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 11, 1920.

Details of deals by which John E. White, 119 North Clark street, has acquired 212 acres of northwest side land for three new subdivisions were revealed yesterday through the recording of ninety-three acres.

The principal section comprises 127 acres at North and Oak park avenues, purchased from Thomas A. Rutherford. This property is to be known as the second Rutherford Park addition and an extension of Kenilworth boulevard, Oak Park, will run through it.

Mr. White also has bought twenty acres at Addison street and Central avenue, the price of which is withheld, and sixty-five acres at Diversey and Central avenues. The former tract is to be known as Addison Gardens and has been divided into 655 lots, business as well as residential.

White streets with plenty of parking in the plan to be followed in all three subdivisions. Some of the streets are to be 225 feet wide and others 177 feet.

The John H. Gelhardt organization is to purchase the southeast corner of Kedzie avenue and Thirty-first street by the Mendelson Brothers' Paper Stock company, which for some time has been negotiating for the property.

Another sharp gain in cattle values carried better gains in hogs. Some fat steers looked as much as 60c higher, with the bulk 25c above Monday. Wilson & Co. purchased several head averaging 1,600 lbs. at \$17.40. Wilson's 1,650 lb. steers went to a butcher at \$12.60.

General depression featured the trade in hogs, the bulk of business being at a decline of 10c to 15c, with the practical top at \$16.10. A small lot reached \$16.25 and the general average at \$14.85, about 15c lower than Monday. About 9,000 were carried over.

A year ago this week hog prices advanced \$1.20 to \$1.30 the three days, but the last half of the week the average dropped from \$12.40 to \$11.80, the low point during first eight months of 1919.

Grade in sheep and lambs was brisk at steady to strong prices, with instances of \$10.00 to \$11.50, the low point during first eight months of 1919.

Seven western markets received 25,000 cattle, 62,000 hogs, and 60,000 sheep, against 41,000 cattle, 25,000 hogs, and 50,000 sheep previous Tuesday and 57,000 cattle, 43,000 hogs, and 36,000 sheep a year ago.

Receipts for today are estimated at 3,000 cattle, 18,000 hogs, and 20,000 sheep, against 9,500 cattle, 10,600 hogs, and 24,400 sheep at Chicago corresponding Wednesday year ago.

CHICAGO STOCK MOVEMENTS AT CHICAGO.
Receipts: Cattle, 3,000; hogs, 18,000; sheep, 20,000. Shipments: Cattle, 1,000; hogs, 10,000; sheep, 12,000.

CHICAGO BUTTER.
Receipts: 100,000 lbs. Shipments: 120,000 lbs. Price: \$14.00 to \$15.00.

CHICAGO EGGS.
Receipts: 100,000 lbs. Shipments: 120,000 lbs. Price: \$14.00 to \$15.00.

CHICAGO CORN.
Receipts: 100,000 lbs. Shipments: 120,000 lbs. Price: \$14.00 to \$15.00.

CHICAGO WHEAT.
Receipts: 100,000 lbs. Shipments: 120,000 lbs. Price: \$14.00 to \$15.00.

CHICAGO OATS.
Receipts: 100,000 lbs. Shipments: 120,000 lbs. Price: \$14.00 to \$15.00.

CHICAGO RYE.
Receipts: 100,000 lbs. Shipments: 120,000 lbs. Price: \$14.00 to \$15.00.

CHICAGO BARLEY.
Receipts: 100,000 lbs. Shipments: 120,000 lbs. Price: \$14.00 to \$15.00.

CHICAGO SUGAR.
Receipts: 100,000 lbs. Shipments: 120,000 lbs. Price: \$14.00 to \$15.00.

CHICAGO COFFEE.
Receipts: 100,000 lbs. Shipments: 120,000 lbs. Price: \$14.00 to \$15.00.

CHICAGO TEA.
Receipts: 100,000 lbs. Shipments: 120,000 lbs. Price: \$14.00 to \$15.00.

CHICAGO SPICES.
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